

14

المطلوب

$$11) \tan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon}\right) \times \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon}\right) \times \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\epsilon}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow -1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\epsilon} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\epsilon} \rightarrow -1 + \frac{2}{\epsilon} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{\epsilon}}$$

12) $\frac{\sqrt{2}\pi - 1}{\epsilon + 1} = \frac{2}{\epsilon}$! اوجد

1.8

13) $\sin a = \sqrt{2} \cos a$

2 $\tan a = \sqrt{2}$

$1 + \tan^2 a = \sec^2 a$

$\cos^2 a = \frac{1}{\sec^2 a} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sec^2 a} = \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 a} = \frac{1}{1 + 2} = \frac{1}{3}$

$\cos a = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

14) $\sin a = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

3 $\frac{\sqrt{194}}{20} - \frac{2}{20} = \frac{18-2}{20} = \frac{16}{20} = \frac{4}{5}$

$\rightarrow) = -\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos a + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin a\right)$

$1 + \tan^2 a = \frac{1}{\cos^2 a} \Rightarrow 1 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 a} \Rightarrow \cos a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

$A = -\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = -\left(\frac{2}{2\sqrt{3}}\right) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

15) $\sqrt{2} \sin^2 x + a \cos^2 x = \epsilon \rightarrow$

1 $\sqrt{2} + a \cot^2 x = \epsilon (1 + \cot^2 x)$

$\sqrt{2} + a \cot^2 x = \epsilon + \epsilon \cot^2 x \Rightarrow \cot^2 x = \frac{1}{a - \epsilon}$

16) $S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha$

1.8 $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} \sin \alpha = \epsilon_0$

$\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha = \epsilon_0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\epsilon_0}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 0.5 \sqrt{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\alpha = \rightarrow \frac{100}{100} = \alpha$

$$V/S = ab \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sin 10^\circ}{\sin 10^\circ} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1) S_1 = S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times AB \times AC \times \sin A = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin A = \frac{1}{8} \sin A$$

$$S_2 = S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times AE \times \sin A = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin A = \frac{1}{8} \sin A$$

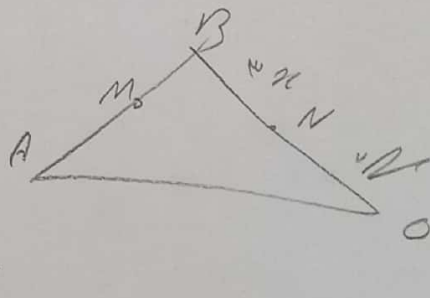
$$S_1 - S_2 = \frac{1}{8} \sin A \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \sin A = \frac{1}{8} \sin A \Rightarrow \sin A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{\pi}{6} = \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$9) \frac{1}{2} AB \times \sin 2C \times \frac{1}{2} AB$$

$$S_{BMA} = \frac{1}{2} BM \times \frac{1}{2} AB$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{AB}{BM} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{AB}{BM} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{AB}{BM} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{AB}{BM}$$



10/

1x0

0.00

$$\cos \alpha < 0$$

$$\sin \alpha < 0$$

10

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - \sin \alpha} - \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha}$$

$$\frac{-\sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha} \rightarrow |1 - \sin \alpha| = -1 + \sin \alpha \rightarrow \boxed{1 - \sin \alpha < 0}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\sin \alpha} = -\tan \alpha \rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha \rightarrow \boxed{\sin \alpha < 0}$$

مطلوب

ب 1

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \tan \frac{11\pi}{4} &= \tan(\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\tan \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \\ \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} &= \sin(\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\sin \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \\ \cos \frac{11\pi}{4} &= \cos(\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{1}{r} \end{aligned} \right\} (-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r})(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}) - \frac{1}{r} = \boxed{0}$$

2

$$C \cdot \tan = 2 \rightarrow \frac{C \cdot \sin}{\sin \alpha} = 2 \rightarrow C \cdot \sin = 2 \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{2(2 \sin \alpha) - \sin \alpha}{2 \sin \alpha + \sin \alpha} = \frac{4 \sin \alpha - \sin \alpha}{3 \sin \alpha} = \frac{11}{3} = \boxed{4, 2}$$

5

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \underbrace{\sin^2 \alpha + C \cdot \sin \alpha}_1 = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$C \cdot \sin \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r-1}{r}, \quad 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r-1} - 1 = \boxed{\frac{1}{r-1}}$$

$$4 \times \sqrt{r} \times \sin \alpha \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{9}{r} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{9}{4\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{9\sqrt{r}}{4r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\underline{\text{دعوى}} \rightarrow 0 < \alpha < \pi \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} \leq 45^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \leq 135^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r/2}}{r/2} = \boxed{2}$$