

$$\frac{\Delta r}{r}, \frac{v}{r}$$

$$d = -\frac{1}{r} \quad -\frac{1}{r}n + \frac{q}{r}$$

پاشنه نامه! بارتت مخالفه!
(مفوضه سوالات اینه که حل بشه بره)

$$\star \text{ راه حل نوشته شده است}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{r}{1} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r}{r}$$

$$q_{1,r} = -\frac{1}{r} + \frac{q}{r} = +\frac{q}{r}$$

$$q_{1,r} = -\frac{1}{r} + \frac{q}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$q_{1,r} = -\frac{1}{r} + \frac{q}{r} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$-\frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}$$

$$v - r$$

$$x = \frac{r}{1} \times \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n = \frac{1}{r}$$

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$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_2 - a_1 = d \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow d = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{r} + (n-1) \times -\frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a_n = \frac{1-n}{r} \rightarrow a_n = -\frac{n}{r} + \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sum a_n = \frac{1}{r} \quad (n=1)$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{r} \quad (n=1)$$

$$a_{13} = -1 \quad (n=13)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{r} + x \right) (-1 + x) = \left(\frac{1}{r} + x \right)^2$$

$$-\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} + x^2 = x^2 + \frac{1}{r}x + \frac{1}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = -\frac{1}{14} \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{14} = \Delta r$$

$$\text{مستقیم} \rightarrow (-1, -1, -1, \dots) \rightarrow q = \frac{a_2}{a_1} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$$

$$\frac{-\frac{q}{k}}{-\frac{1}{k} - \frac{q}{k}} + \frac{-\frac{q}{k}}{\frac{1}{k}}$$

$$\frac{1}{k} = \frac{q}{k}$$

$$\frac{1}{k} (1.1) - \frac{q}{k} = \frac{k}{k} = 1$$

$$v' a_1 q' = 1 \quad \left[q = \frac{1}{v'} \right]$$

$$a_1, a_1 q'$$

$$(a_1, v d)' = (a_1 + v d) (a_1, v d)$$

$$(a_1)' \frac{1}{v'} + v d a_1 = (a_1)' + v d a_1 + v d a_1$$

$$v d' = -v d a_1$$

$$1. d' = -a_1$$

$$d = -\frac{1}{1. a_1}$$

$$v d' = v d a_1$$

$$(a_1 + v d)' = (a_1, v d) (a_1 + v d)$$

$$(a_1)' a_1 d' = a_1 d a_1' = (a_1)' a_1 d + v d a_1 + v d a_1$$

$$v d' = v d a_1$$

$$d = a_1$$

$$v d a_1 - \frac{1}{k} = \frac{v d a_1}{k}$$

$$q = \frac{1}{v}$$

$$q_0 = \frac{1}{k} \left(\frac{v' a_1 - 1}{q} \right)$$

$$v a_1 - \frac{1}{k} = v' a_1 - v' - v'$$

$$v(a_1 q)' = a_1 q'$$

$$v q' = q'$$

$$v (v a_1 q)' = a_1 q' + v a_1 q'$$

$$k a_1 q' = a_1 q' + v a_1 q'$$

$$k a_1 q' - a_1 q' - v a_1 q' = 0$$

$$a_1 q' (k q - q' - v) = 0$$

$$q = 0 \quad - (q' - k q + v)$$

$$a_1 = 0 \quad - (q' - v) (q - v)$$

conclusion

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1

1/2 - 5

2

-2

$$ar - a_1 = br - b_1 = d$$

$$av - a_1 = b_1 - b_1 = 9d$$

$$\frac{a(q^r - 1)}{a(q^4 - 1)} = \frac{d}{9d} \rightarrow q^{r+1} = 9 \rightarrow q = 2 \quad (1)$$

$$a + aq^r + aq^4 = a + 16a + 49a = 17^2 a \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$ar - a_1 = d \rightarrow (1 \times 2^r) - 1 = 17 \rightarrow d = 17$$

$$(2) q = 1 \rightarrow 17a = 17^2 \rightarrow a = \frac{17^2}{17}$$

$$d = \frac{17^2}{17} - \frac{17^2}{17} = 0$$

* قدر نسبت دنباله صای منفرجه ۱۷ است

$$a_9 \times a_7 = (a_7)^2$$

↑ واسطه هندسی

$$(a + 1d)(a + 7d) = (a + 4d)^2$$

$$\cancel{a^2} + 1 \cdot ad + 14d^2 = \cancel{a^2} + 14ad + 49d^2 \rightarrow 2ad + 2 \cdot d^2 = 0$$

$$2d(a + 1 \cdot d) = 0 \rightarrow d = 0 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{چون از صفاییز بودن صفتی خنده است}$$

$$\hookrightarrow d = -\frac{a}{10} \quad \checkmark \quad \text{پس } d = 0 \text{ هم قابل قبول است!}$$

$$S_5 = a + aq + aq^2 + aq^3 + aq^4$$

$$S_5 = a(1 + \underbrace{q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4}_{\frac{121}{11}}) \rightarrow S_5 = 17^2 \times \frac{121}{11} = \underline{\underline{3439}}$$

$$ar - a_1 = a_1 + d - a_1 = d$$

$$-\frac{9a}{1} - (-24) = \frac{1}{17} \rightarrow d = \frac{1}{17}$$

$$a_1 \cdot 1 = a_1 + 1 \cdot d \rightarrow a_1 \cdot 1 = -22 + \frac{1}{17} = 25 - 24 = 1$$

$$a_1 = a_1 \times q^0 \rightarrow 1 = 171 \times q^0 \rightarrow q^0 = \frac{1}{171} \rightarrow q^2 = \frac{1}{17}$$

$$(ar)(an) = (ar)^r$$

v

$$(a+d)(a+rd) = (a+rd)^r$$

$$\cancel{a}^r + rad + rd^r = \cancel{a}^r + rad + ad^r$$

$$rad = rd^r \xrightarrow[\text{غير صواب}]{\text{الدالة}} a = d$$

$$ar, ar, ar$$

$$ra \xrightarrow{\times r} \varepsilon a \xrightarrow{\times r} ra \rightarrow q = r \rightarrow a_{1..} = a_{1..} q^q = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \times r^q = 1 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{raq + aq^r}{r} = raq^r \rightarrow aq^r - \varepsilon aq^r + raq = .$$

$$q^r - \varepsilon q + r = . \rightarrow q = 1 \quad \times$$

$$\hookrightarrow q = r \quad \checkmark \quad (\text{دنيا غير صواب})$$

^

$$(x^r + \varepsilon)(x^r - r) = (rn)^r$$

r

$$n^r + rn^r - 1 = \varepsilon n^r \rightarrow n^r - rn^r - 1 < .$$

$$(n^r - \varepsilon)(n^r + r) = . \rightarrow n = \pm r$$

$$n = r \rightarrow 1, r, r \quad \checkmark$$

$$n = -r \rightarrow 1, -r, r \quad \times (q > .) \rightarrow \mathcal{B}_v = \frac{1(1 - (\frac{1}{r})^v)}{1 - \frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{1(\frac{r^v}{r} - 1)}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1rv}{r}$$

$$\frac{a}{q} \times a \times aq = 4r \rightarrow a^3 = 4r \rightarrow \underline{a = r}$$

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$$\frac{r}{q} + r + rq = 21 \rightarrow rq^2 + rq + r = 21q$$

$$rq^2 - 11rq + r = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{نقسم}} q^2 - 11q + r(1) = 0$$

$$q = r \quad q^2 - 11q + r = 0 \quad \times \text{ عند صفا بجای است } q$$

$$q = \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & & ar & & & \\ & & & A & & & \\ 1 & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & 4r \\ \hookrightarrow a_1 & & & & & & \hookrightarrow ar \end{array}$$

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$$a_1 + ar = ar \rightarrow 4r = 1 + ar \rightarrow ar = 4r \rightarrow \underline{d = 1, \omega}$$

$$ar = a_1 + ar \rightarrow ar = 1 + r(1, \omega) = 1 + r, \omega \quad \underline{A = 1 + r, \omega}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & & B & & & \\ 1 & \square & \square & \square & \square & \square & 4r \end{array}$$

$$1 \times q^4 = 4r \rightarrow q = \pm 2$$

$$\text{if } q = 2 \rightarrow B = 1 \times 2^4 = 16$$

$$\text{if } q = -2 \rightarrow B = 1 \times (-2)^4 = 16$$

$$\rightarrow A + B = 1 + 16 = 17 \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$$

