

$$r = \frac{+1 \pm \sqrt{1}}{2} = 0$$

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$$a_1 + a_r = 1 \quad a_1 + a_1 r^1 = 1 \quad S_f = a \left[\frac{q^f - 1}{q - 1} \right] = \epsilon$$

$$a_r + a_{r^2} = 1 \quad a_1 r + a_1 r^2 = 1$$

$$\frac{1 + r^1}{r + r^2} = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$x r^{-1} \propto x r \propto x^1 \propto x^2 \quad x = r \quad a_1 r = r \quad r \propto a_1 r^1$$

$$a_1 + a_1 r + a_1 r^2 = 1$$

$$a_1 + a_1 r + a_1 r^2 + a_1 r^3$$

$$\frac{r}{r} + r + r^2 = 1 \Rightarrow r + r^2 + r^3 = 1$$

$$a_n = r, q, 1, \dots$$

$$S_{10} = \frac{1 - r^{10}}{1 - r} = \epsilon$$

$$a, aq, aq^2, aq^3, aq^4, \dots$$

$$(aq - a), (aq^2 - aq), (aq^3 - aq^2), (aq^4 - aq^3)$$

$$= a(q - 1), aq(q - 1), aq^2(q - 1)$$

$$= a(q - 1), a(a - 1)q, a(q - 1)q^2, \dots$$

$$a(q - 1) \in a_1$$

نسبت = q

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$$a_n = \frac{1}{r}, 1, 2 \rightarrow r = 2, a_1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad a_1 \cdot ar^9 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^9 = 128$$

$$\frac{a_1 r^{14}}{a_1 r^{12}} = r^2 \rightarrow r^2 = 14$$

$$b^2 = a_1 \times a_{10} = a_1 r^r \times a_1 r^9 = a_1^2 r^{12}$$

$$a_1 r^9 = \frac{1}{r} \times r^9 = r^8 = 128$$

$$\rightarrow b = ar^9 \rightarrow b = a_1 r^9$$

$$a_1 r^{n-1} = 128 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \times r^{n-1} = 128 \rightarrow r^{n-1} = 128 \quad r^{n-1} = 2^7 \quad n-1 = 7 \rightarrow n = 8$$

$$\frac{a_1 r^6}{a_1 r^{10}} = \frac{1}{r^4} \rightarrow r^4 = 1 \quad r = 1 \quad a_1 r^4 = \frac{1}{r^4} = 1 \quad a_1 = ar^9 = \frac{1}{r} \times r^9 = r^8 = 1$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 \times a_4 \times a_5 = 2^5$$

$$\frac{a_1 \times a_2}{a_1 \times a_2} \times a_3 \times a_4 \times a_5 = a_3 \times a_4 \times a_5$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 = 2^3$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 = a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 = 2^3$$

$$(r^2)^r = r^a \times r^b \Rightarrow 14 \times 2 = 2^2 \times 2^2 \rightarrow r = 2^2 \times 2^2 = 16 \quad a+b=14$$

$$\frac{a+b}{r} = 10 \quad b, a \text{ من 10}$$

$$a_1 r^2 = 1-x \quad a_1 r^4 = x \quad a_1 r^{10} = x+1 \quad \frac{x}{1-x} = \frac{x+1}{x} \Rightarrow x^2 = x+1 \Rightarrow x^2 - x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2} \quad x = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \quad x = \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times x$$

Senobar

$$S_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$$

$$= a_1 + a_1 + d + a_1 + 2d + \dots + a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$= na_1 + (d + 2d + 3d + \dots + (n-1)d)$$

$$= na_1 + d(1 + 2 + \dots + (n-1)) = na_1 + d \times \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n}{2} (2a_1 + d(n-1))$$

جواب

$$t = 1 + q + q^2 + \dots + q^{n-1}$$

$$t \times q = q + q^2 + q^3 + \dots + q^n$$

$$tq - t = q^n - 1 \Rightarrow t(q-1) = q^n - 1 \Rightarrow t = \frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1}$$

جواب

$$a + aq^r = 11$$

$$aq + aq^r = 12$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{a(1+q^r)}{aq(1+q^r)} = \frac{(q^r - q + 1)}{q} = \frac{11}{12}$$

$$12q^r - 12q + 12 = 11q \rightarrow 12q^r - 12q + 12 = 11q \rightarrow 12q^r - 12q + 12 = 11q$$

$$q < \frac{1}{12} \leq q < \frac{1}{12}$$

$$q < 1 \rightarrow a(1+12) < 11 \rightarrow a < 1 \rightarrow 1, 12, 9, 12$$

$$q < \frac{1}{12} \rightarrow \frac{a}{12} + \frac{a}{9} = 12 \rightarrow \frac{11a}{108} = 12 \rightarrow a < 12$$

$$12, 9, 12, 1 \rightarrow \max S_{100} \rightarrow 12$$