

①

2) $b^2 = ac \rightarrow \sqrt{r \times r \omega^2} = \sqrt{r^2 \omega} = r \omega = r r$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = a_1 \cdot q^{n-1} \rightarrow 128 = \frac{1}{r} \cdot r^{n-1} \Rightarrow \underbrace{r}_{r^1} = r^{n-1} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} n-1 = n \\ \underline{\underline{n=9}} \end{matrix}$$

⑦

$$\text{Ex 1) } \left(\frac{a^p}{a^q}\right) \times \left(\frac{a^p}{a^q}\right) \times (a^p) \times (a^p q) \times (a^p q^p) = a^p = \sqrt[p]{a^p} \Rightarrow a^p = p \quad (p)$$

④

$$\left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^3} + \dots \right)$$

④

$$\Rightarrow q = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{91}}{9} \rightarrow q = \frac{1}{5} \rightarrow a_1 q (1+q) = 15 \Rightarrow a_1 = 75$$

$$q = 3 \Rightarrow 1, 3, 9, \cancel{27} / q = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \cancel{27}, 9, 3, 1$$

$$\frac{a_r}{q} \times a_r \times a_r q = r^3 \Rightarrow a_r^3 = r^3 \Rightarrow a_r = r \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{r}{q} \quad (v)$$

$$\rightarrow a_1 + a_r + a_r = 1^3 \xrightarrow{a_r=r} a_1 + a_r = 1 \Rightarrow a_1 (1+q^r) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{q} (1+q^r) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{q} + r q = 1 \xrightarrow{r=q} r + r q^r - 1 \cdot q = 0 \Rightarrow r q^r - 1 \cdot q + r = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow q = \frac{1 \pm 1}{q} < \frac{1}{r} \quad \downarrow \quad q = r \rightarrow 1, r, r$$

$$q = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r, r, 1$$

$$\text{ii) } S_{10} = r \left(\frac{r^{10} - 1}{r - 1} \right) = 290 \Sigma 1 \quad (1)$$

$$\rightarrow P_n = (a_1 \times a_n)^n \quad \sigma \rightarrow a_n \mu \Rightarrow P_n = a_1^n \times q^{\frac{n(n-1)}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^{10} \times r^{\frac{10(10-1)}{2}} = r^{10} \times r^{\Sigma 1} \Rightarrow 10 \Sigma \times r^{\Sigma 1}$$

$$A = a_1, a_1 q, a_1 q^2, \dots, a_1 q^{n-1}$$

$$B \rightarrow b_1 = a_r - a_1 = a q - a \Rightarrow b_n = a_{n-1} - a_n = a q^{n-1} - a q^n$$

$$b_r = a_r - a_r = a q^r - a q$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{b_r}{b_1} = \frac{b_r}{b_1} \rightarrow \frac{a q (q-1)}{a (q-1)} = q$$

$$\left(\frac{b_r}{b_1} = q \right)$$

$$\text{iii) } S_n = a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + (n-1)d) \quad (1)$$

$$\sigma \rightarrow S_n = a_n + (a_n - d) + (a_n - 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + d) + a_1$$

$$\Rightarrow S_n = (a_1 + (n-1)d) + (a_1 + (n-2)d) + \dots + a_1$$

$$\Rightarrow r S_n = (r a_1 + (n-1)d) + (r a_1 + (n-2)d) + \dots$$

$$r S_n = n(r a_1 + (n-1)d) \Rightarrow S_n = \frac{n}{r} (r a_1 + (n-1)d)$$

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$$\therefore S_n = a_1 + aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^{n-1}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\times q} aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^n$$

$$\Rightarrow qS_n - S_n = aq^n - a$$

$$S_n(q-1) = a(q^n - 1) \Rightarrow S_n = a \frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1}$$