

$$a_n = \frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r^2}, \frac{1}{r^3}, \dots \quad q = r \quad a_n = \frac{1}{r} \times r^{n-1} = r^{n-2}$$

$$a_{10} = \frac{1}{r} \times r^9 = \boxed{r^8} = 10 \quad \text{الف}$$

$$\frac{a_{14}}{a_{12}} = \frac{r^9 \times r^{14}}{r^8 \times r^{12}} = r^4 = \boxed{16} \quad \text{ب}$$

$$a_{10} = r^8 \quad a_{14} = \frac{1}{r} \times r^{14} = r^{13} \quad \sqrt{r^{13} \times r^8} = r^{\frac{21}{2}} = \boxed{1024} \quad \text{ج}$$

$$r^{n-2} = 128 \Rightarrow r^{n-2} = r^7 \Rightarrow \boxed{n=9} \quad \text{د}$$

$$a_0 = 12, a_1 = 94 \quad \frac{a_1}{a_0} = q = \frac{94}{12} \rightarrow q^3 = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{q=1} \quad \text{الف}$$

$$a_{10} \rightarrow a_0 \times q^{10} \rightarrow \boxed{3 \times 2^4} = a_{10}$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 \times a_4 \times a_5 = 243$$

$$a_3^5 = 243 \Rightarrow \boxed{a_3 = 3} = \text{الف}$$

$$1 + 5 = 2 + 4 \rightarrow \underbrace{a_1 \times a_5}_{r^2} = \underbrace{a_2 \times a_4}_{r^2} \rightarrow \boxed{a_1 \times a_5 = 4} = \text{ب}$$

$$r^b, r^{\frac{a}{r}}, r^a, \dots \rightarrow r^a \times r^b = \sqrt[r]{r^a \times r^b} \rightarrow r^{\frac{a+b}{r}} = r^{\frac{a}{r}} \rightarrow \boxed{a+b = a} \quad \text{الف}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{r} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{a}{r}} = \text{ج}$$

$$a_n = 1-n, a_n = n, a_{n+1} = n+1$$

$$a_n \times a_{n+1} = a_n^2 \rightarrow (1-n)(1+n) = n^2$$

$$1 - n^2 = n^2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{1}{n^2} \rightarrow n^2 = \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\boxed{n = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2}}}$$

$$\boxed{n = +\sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2}}}$$

$$a_1(1+q+\dots+q^{n-1}) = 28 \rightarrow a_1(1+q+\dots+q^{n-1}) = 28 \rightarrow a_1 = 28$$

$$a_1 + a_2 = 28 \quad a_2 + a_3 = 12 \quad a_1 < a_2 < a_3 < a_4 < a_5$$

$$\frac{a_1 + a_2}{a_1 + a_2 + a_3} = \frac{28}{28 + 12} = \frac{28}{40} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{a_1 + a_2}{a_1 + a_2 + a_3} = \frac{1 + q}{1 + q + q^2} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{(1+q)(1-q+q^2)}{q(1+q)} = \frac{1-q+q^2}{q} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$10(1-q+q^2) = 7q(1+q)$$

$$10 - 10q + 10q^2 = 7q + 7q^2$$

$$3q^2 - 17q + 10 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 100 - 4 \times 3 \times 10 = 4$$

$$q = \frac{17 \pm 2}{6} \rightarrow q = \frac{19}{6} \text{ or } q = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 12 \quad a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 28$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 = 9 \quad a_2 = 28 \rightarrow a_2 = 28$$

$$\frac{a_1 \times a_2}{a_1 + a_2} = \frac{9}{28+9} = \frac{9}{37}$$

$$\frac{a_1 \times a_2}{a_1 + a_2} = \frac{a_1 \times a_2}{a_1 + a_2} = \frac{9}{37}$$

$$37a_1 = 9(a_1 + 28)$$

$$37a_1 = 9a_1 + 252$$

$$28a_1 = 252 \rightarrow a_1 = 9$$

$$a_1 = 9, a_2 = 28, a_3 = 1$$

$$a_n = 2, 4, 8, \dots \quad S_{10} = 2 \times \frac{2^{10} - 1}{2 - 1} = 2^{10} - 2 = 1022$$

$$P_{10} = (a_1 \times a_2 \times \dots \times a_{10})^{\frac{1}{10}} = (2 \times 4 \times 8 \times \dots \times 2^{10})^{\frac{1}{10}} = 2^{\frac{55}{10}} = 2^{5.5} = 45.25$$

$$a, aq, aq^2, aq^3, \dots$$

$$a - aq = a(1-q) \quad aq - aq^2 = aq(1-q)$$

$$\frac{a - aq}{aq - aq^2} = \frac{a(1-q)}{aq(1-q)} = \frac{1}{q}$$

$$a_n = a(q-1) \times q^{n-1}$$

$$S_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n \Rightarrow S_n = a_n + a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} + \dots + a_1$$

$$S_n + S_n = (a_1 + a_n) + (a_2 + a_{n-1}) + (a_3 + a_{n-2}) + \dots \rightarrow n(a_1 + a_n) = 2S_n$$

$$S_n = \frac{n(a_1 + a_n)}{2}$$

$$q \times (S_n) = (a_1q + a_2q + a_3q + \dots + a_nq) \rightarrow qS_n = a_1q + a_2q + a_3q + \dots + a_nq$$

$$S_n - qS_n = a - aq^n \rightarrow S_n(1-q) = a(1-q^n) \rightarrow S_n = \frac{a(1-q^n)}{1-q}$$