

$$a_n = \frac{1}{y}, 1, 2, \dots \longrightarrow a_n = a_1 q^{n-1} \longrightarrow a_{10} = \frac{1}{y} \times y^9 = \boxed{252}$$

$q = \times y$

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(الف)

$$\frac{a_{10}}{a_1} = q^9 \xrightarrow{q=y} y^9 = \boxed{16}$$

(ب)

$$\text{مث ۱} \quad \sqrt{a_5 \times a_{10}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{y} \times y^5 \times \frac{1}{y} \times y^9} = \boxed{32}$$

$$\text{مث ۲} \quad a_5 \times a_{10} = a_7^2 \longrightarrow a_7 = \frac{1}{y} \times y^7 = \boxed{32}$$

ج

$$a_n = 128 = \frac{1}{y} \times y^{n-1} \longrightarrow 252 = y^{n-1} \longrightarrow y^1 = y^{n-1} \longrightarrow 1 = n-1 \longrightarrow \boxed{n=9}$$

(د)

$$q^r = \frac{a_n}{a_1} = \frac{99}{11} = 9 \longrightarrow q = 3$$

$$a_{10} = a_1 \times q^r \longrightarrow 99 \times 9 = \boxed{31E}$$

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$$a_1 \times a_4 \times \underbrace{a_7 \times a_{10}}_{a_7^2} \times a_5 \times a_8 = 2E^3$$

a_7^r

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$$a_7^5 = 2E^3 = 2^5 \longrightarrow a_7 = \boxed{2}$$

(الف)

$$a_1 \times a_8 = a_7^r \longrightarrow 3^r = \boxed{9}$$

ب

$$y^a \times y^b = y^{a+b} = (\sqrt[5]{y})^r = 32 = y^5 \longrightarrow a+b=5$$

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$$b, a \text{ صحیحی } = \frac{a+b}{y} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{y} = \boxed{2, 5}$$

$$a_n = 1-x \quad / \quad a_n = x \quad / \quad a_{n+1} = x+1$$

$$a_n \times a_{n+1} = a_n^r$$

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$$x^r = (1-x)(x+1) \longrightarrow x^r = 1-x^r \longrightarrow 2x^r = 1 \longrightarrow x^r = \frac{1}{2} \longrightarrow x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 = 21 \quad a_2 + a_3 = 12$$

-9

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a + aq^2 &= 21 \rightarrow a(1+q^2) = 21 \rightarrow a(1+q)(1-q+q^2) = 21 \\ aq + aq^3 &= 12 \rightarrow aq(1+q^2) = 12 \rightarrow a(1+q) = \frac{12}{q} \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{12}{q}(1-q+q^2) = 21$$

$$\rightarrow 12(1-q+q^2) = 21q \rightarrow 12 - 12q + 12q^2 = 21q \rightarrow 12q^2 - 9q + 12 = 0 \xrightarrow{\div 3} 4q^2 - 3q + 4 = 0$$

$$q = \frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(4)(4)}}{2 \times 4} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 64}}{8} = \begin{cases} q = 3 \\ q = \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

با جای گزاری هر یک از q ها $\rightarrow 1, 3, 9, 27 \rightarrow$ که بزرگترین عدد در هر دو حالت $\sqrt{27} = 5.196$ یا به روش دیگر

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 &= (a_1)^3 = 27 \rightarrow a_1 = 3 \rightarrow aq = 3 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{q} \\ a_1 + a_2 + a_3 &= 12 \rightarrow a(1+q+q^2) = 12 \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{3}{q}(1+q+q^2) = 12$$

-V

$$\rightarrow 3(1+q+q^2) = 12q \rightarrow 3q^2 - 9q + 3 = 0$$

$$q = \frac{-(-9) \pm \sqrt{(-9)^2 - 4(3)(3)}}{2 \times 3} = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 36}}{6} = \begin{cases} q = 3 \rightarrow 1, 3, 9 \\ q = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow 9, 3, 1 \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = 2, 4, 11, \dots$$

$$S_n = a \left(\frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1} \right)$$

-A

$$S_{10} = 2 \times \frac{3^{10} - 1}{3 - 1} = 3^6 - 1 = 59048$$

الف)

$$P = (A \times A^T)^{\frac{n}{2}} \rightarrow (2 \times 39344)^{\frac{5}{2}} = 181818$$

ب)

$$a_{10} = 2 \times 3^9 = 39344$$

$$a, aq, aq^2, aq^3, \dots$$

$$a_n = a \cdot q^{n-1}$$

9

$$b_n = a_{n+1} - a_n = aq^n - aq^{n-1} \rightarrow b_n = a \cdot q^{n-1} (q-1)$$

$$\frac{b_{n+1}}{b_n} = \frac{aq^n (q-1)}{aq^{n-1} (q-1)} = q \xrightarrow{\text{نسبة}} \text{نسبة متساوية} \rightarrow \boxed{q(q-1)} \rightarrow \dots$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} (2a + (n-1)d) \xrightarrow{\text{إثبات}} a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + \dots + a_n$$

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(الف)

$$S_n = a + (a+d) + (a+2d) + (a+3d) + (a+4d) + \dots + (a+(n-1)d)$$

$$S_n = na + d(1+2+3+\dots+n-1)$$

$$S_n = na + d \frac{(n-1)n}{2} = \frac{n}{2} (2a + (n-1)d)$$

$$S_n = a \left(\frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1} \right) = a \left(\frac{1 - q^n}{1 - q} \right) \xrightarrow{\text{إثبات}} a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + \dots + a_n$$

(ب)

$$S = a + aq + aq^2 + aq^3 + aq^4 + \dots + aq^{n-1}$$

$$\times q \rightarrow qS = aq + aq^2 + aq^3 + aq^4 + aq^5 + \dots + aq^n$$

$$S - qS = a - aq^n \rightarrow S(1-q) = a(1-q^n)$$

$$S = \frac{a(1-q^n)}{1-q}$$