

$$a_n = \frac{1}{4} \times 1 \times 1 \times \dots$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{4} \times r^{n-1}$$

سؤال ١

$$\frac{a_1 q^{12}}{a_1 q^{12}} = q^2 = r^4 = 12$$

ب

$$\frac{1}{4} \times r^9 = 252 \quad \text{الف}$$

$$a_1 q^3 \times a_1 q^9 = q^2 = r^4 \quad y = r^2 = r^2 \quad \text{ج}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \times r^{n-1} = 128 \Rightarrow r^{n-1} = 512 \quad \text{د}$$

$$r^{n-1} = (r^4)^2 \rightarrow r^4 \rightarrow n-1=8 \quad n=9$$

سؤال ٢

$$\frac{a_1 q^7}{a_1 q^4} = \frac{96}{12}$$

$$q^3 = 8$$

$$q = 2$$

$$a_1 = \frac{3}{4} \times r^9 = 288 \quad \text{ج}$$

$$a_1 r^4 = 12$$

$$a_1 = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{3}{4}$$

سؤال ٣

$$a_5 \times a_2 = a_3 \times a_7$$

$$a_3 = 2 \times 3$$

$$a_7 = 3$$

$$a_1 \times a_4 \rightarrow \frac{a_5}{q^2} \times a_3 q^2 \rightarrow a_3 = 9 \quad \text{ب}$$

سؤال ٤

$$r^b \times r^a = (5\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$r^b \times r^a = 50$$

$$r^b \times r^a = r^0$$

$$a+b=0$$

$$\frac{a+b}{r} = \frac{0}{r} = 0 \quad \text{ج}$$

$$a_r = 1 - n$$

$$\frac{a_v}{a_r} = \frac{n}{1-n} = q^r$$

سوال 1

$$a_v = n$$

$$\frac{n+1}{n} = \frac{n}{1-n}$$

$$a_{v+1} = n+1$$

$$\frac{a_{v+1}}{a_v} = \frac{n+1}{n} = q^r$$

$$n^r = \frac{(1-n)(n+1)}{1-n^2}$$

$$r n^r = 1 \quad n^r = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$n = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt[r]{r}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt[r]{r}}{r}$$

$$a_1 + a_r = 1^r$$

$$a_r + a_r = 1^r$$

سوال 2

$$a_1 + a_1 q^r = 1^r$$

$$a_1 q + a_1 q^r = 1^r$$

$$a_1(1+q^r)$$

$$a_1 q(1+q)$$

$$\frac{a_1(1+q^r)}{a_1 q(1+q)} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{(1+q^r)(1^r - q + q^r)}{2(1+q)} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow$$

$$r(1 - q + q^r) = 1^r q \rightarrow r q^r - 1 \cdot q + r = 0$$

$$q = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{4r}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1+r}{2}$$

$$q = r \quad a_1 = 1 \quad 1, r, q, \dots$$

$$q = \frac{1}{r} \quad a_1 = r$$

$$a_1 + a_r + a_r = 1^r$$

$$a_1 + a_1 q + a_1 q^r$$

سوال 3

$$a_1 \times a_r \times a_r = 1^r$$

$$\frac{r}{2} + r + r q = 1^r$$

$$a_1^r q^r = 1^r$$

$$\frac{r}{2} + r q = 1$$

$$r, 1, r, q, \dots$$

$$(a_1 q)^r = 1^r$$

$$q = r$$

$$a_1 q = r$$

الف) $a_n = 2, 4, 8, \dots$ $S_n = 2 \left(\frac{2^n - 1}{2 - 1} \right) = 2^n - 2$ (سوال 1)

$S_n = a_1 \left(\frac{2^n - 1}{2 - 1} \right)$ $\frac{2^n - 1}{2 - 1}$

ب) $a_n = 2(2)^{n-1}$ $a_1 = 2 \times 2^0$ $(a_1, a_2) \xrightarrow{2} \dots$

$(2 \times 2 \times 2^2) \rightarrow (2^2 \times 2^4) = 2^1 \times 2^{4+1}$

سوال 9

$a_1, a_1q, a_1q^2, a_1q^3$

$\frac{a_2 - a_1}{a_1q - a_1}, \frac{a_3 - a_2}{a_1q^2 - a_1q}, \frac{a_4 - a_3}{a_1q^3 - a_1q^2}, \frac{a_5 - a_4}{a_1q^4 - a_1q^3}$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

$a_1(q-1), a_1q(q-1), a_1q^2(q-1), a_1q^3(q-1)$

$\times q \quad \times q \quad \times q$ (تقریباً 9)

الف) $\frac{n}{2} (2a + (n-1)d)$ سوال 1

$a_1, a_1 + d, a_1 + 2d, \dots, a_1 + (n-1)d$

$S_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$ $S_n = a + (a+d) + (a+2d) + \dots + (a+(n-1)d)$

$S_n = a_n + a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} + \dots + a_1$ $2S_n = (a + a + (n-1)d) + \dots + ((a + (n-1)d) + a)$

$2S_n = n[2a + (n-1)d]$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$

$2S_n = (a_1 + a_n) + (a_2 + a_{n-1}) + \dots + (a_n + a_1)$

$2S_n = n(a_1 + a_n)$ $S_n = \frac{n}{2} (a_1 + a_n)$

$$\rightarrow S_n = (a_1 + a_1q + a_1q^2 + \dots + a_1q^{n-1}) \times q \rightarrow \text{سوال ٢}$$

$$qS_n = aq + aq^2 + \dots + aq^n$$

$$qS_n - S_n = (q-1)S_n = aq^n - a$$

$$\rightarrow a(q^n - 1) \xrightarrow{q \neq 1} S_n = \frac{a(q^n - 1)}{(q - 1)}$$