

الف) $\frac{1}{r}, 1, r, \dots$ $a_n = \frac{1}{r} (r)^{n-1}$ $a_{10} = \frac{1}{r} (r)^9 = r^8 = 256$ (1)

ب) $\frac{a_{17}}{a_{13}} = \frac{a_{19}}{a_{15}} = q^4 = r^4 = 16$

ج) $(a_{19}) (a_{13}) = a^r \rightarrow a^r = r^{10} \rightarrow a = r^5 = 32$
 $r = \frac{1}{r} \times r^r \quad \frac{1}{r} \times r^9$

د) $\frac{1}{r} \times r^{n-1} = 128 \rightarrow r^{n-1} = 256 \rightarrow r^{\wedge} = 256 \rightarrow n-1=8 \rightarrow n=9$

$a_{19} = 12$ $a_{19}^v = 48$ $\frac{a_{19}^v}{a_{19}} = q^3 = 4 \rightarrow q = 2$ (2)

$a_1 (r^8) = 12$
 $a_1 = \frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$ $a_n = \frac{r}{r} (r)^{n-1} \rightarrow a_{10} = \frac{r}{r} (r)^9 = r^9 = 3 \times 2^9 = 1536$

$\frac{a_r}{q^r} \times \frac{a_r}{q} \times a_r \times a_r q \times a_r q^r = \frac{a_r^5}{q^r} = 256 \rightarrow a_r = 4$ (3)

$a_1 \times a_2 = \frac{a_r}{q^r} \times a_r q^r = a_r^2 = 16 \rightarrow a_r = 4$ (ب)

$\frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r^a} = \frac{r^b}{r\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow r^{a+b} = (r\sqrt{r})^r = r^{\frac{3r}{2}} = r^{\frac{3}{2}r}$ $\frac{a+b}{r} = \frac{3}{2}$ (4)

$\frac{a_v}{a_u} = \frac{a}{1-a} = q^r$ $\frac{a_n}{a_v} = \frac{n+1}{a} = q^r \rightarrow \frac{a}{1-a} = \frac{n+1}{a}$ (5)

$a^r = \frac{(1-a)(n+1)}{1-a^r} \rightarrow r a^r = 1 \rightarrow a^r = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$

$$\underbrace{a_1(1+r^r)}_{a_1 + a_1 r^r = 11} \quad a_1 r + a_1 r^r = 11 \rightarrow \frac{a_1(1+r^r)}{a_1 r(1+r)} = \frac{11}{11} = \frac{1}{r} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{(1+r)(1-r+r^r)}{r(1+r)} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r(1-r+r^r) = 11r \rightarrow r^r - 10r + r = 0$$

$$r = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{48}}{4} = \frac{10 \pm 1}{4} \quad \begin{cases} r = r \rightarrow a_1 = 1 \rightarrow 1, r, a, (11) \\ r = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a_1 = 11 \rightarrow (11), a, r, 1 \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 + a_1 q + a_1 q^r = 11 \rightarrow \frac{1}{q} + r + r^r q = r^r q + \frac{1}{q} = 10 \rightarrow q = r \quad (5)$$

$$a_1 \times a_1 q \times a_1 q^r = 11 \rightarrow a_1^3 q^r = 11 \rightarrow (a_1 q)^r = 11 \quad a_1 q = r^r$$

سأول $\rightarrow 1, r, q, \dots$

$$\text{الف) } S_{10} = a_1 \left(\frac{q^{10} - 1}{q - 1} \right) \rightarrow r \left(\frac{r^{10} - 1}{r - 1} \right) = r^{10} - 1 \rightarrow 29.61 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{ب) } a_n = r(r^r)^{n-1} \rightarrow a_{10} = r \times (r^r)^9 = r^{10} \times r^9 = r^{19}$$

صورتها $\rightarrow (a_1 \times a_{10})^{\frac{n}{r}} \rightarrow (1 \times r^{19})^{\frac{10}{r}} = (r^{19} \times r^9)^{\frac{10}{r}} = r^{10} \times r^9$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_1, a_1 q, a_1 q^r, a_1 q^r, a_1 q^r, \dots \\ & \underbrace{a_2 - a_1}_{a_1 q - a_1}, \underbrace{a_3 - a_2}_{a_1 q^r - a_1 q}, \underbrace{a_4 - a_3}_{a_1 q^r - a_1 q^r}, \underbrace{a_5 - a_4}_{a_1 q^r - a_1 q^r} \\ & a_1(a-1), a_1 q(q-1), a_1 q^r(q-1), a_1 q^r(q-1) \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\text{الف) } a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \quad a_1 + (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + 2d) + \dots + (a_1 + (n-1)d) \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{(n-1)(n)}{2} \rightarrow n a_1 + \frac{n^2 - n}{2} d \rightarrow \frac{n}{2} (2a_1 + (n-1)d)$$

$$\text{ب) } S_n = a_1 + a_1 q + a_1 q^r + \dots + a_1 q^{n-1} \rightarrow q S_n = a_1 q + a_1 q^r + \dots + a_1 q^{n-1} + a_1 q^n$$

$$q S_n - S_n = (q-1) S_n = a_1 q^n - a_1 \rightarrow a_1 (q^n - 1) \rightarrow S_n = \frac{a_1 (q^n - 1)}{q - 1}$$

