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$$a_1 = \varepsilon_0$$

$$a_1 + v_d = \gamma_1$$

$$\frac{1}{\varepsilon_0 + v_d} = \gamma_1 \rightarrow \gamma_d = \varepsilon_1 \rightarrow d = v$$

$$a_n = v_n + v_n^2 \approx \gamma \cdot \lambda$$

$$v_{11} = v_{10} \rightarrow h = \frac{1}{v_{10}} = \boxed{25}$$

$$100 \ll v_n + \gamma \ll 999$$

$$999 \ll v_n \ll 999$$

$$111 \sim \ll h \ll 1441$$

$$14 \leq h \leq 144 \rightarrow \frac{144-14}{1} + 1 = \boxed{129}$$

$$a_{n+1} + a_{n+1}^2 + a_{n+1}^3 = -\gamma_{n+1}^2$$

$$a_n = -\gamma_{n+1}$$

$$\gamma(n+1) + \alpha + \gamma(n+1) + \alpha + \gamma(n+1) + \alpha = 1$$

$$\gamma_0 a_n + \gamma_{n+1}^2 \alpha = -\gamma_{n+1}^2$$

$$a_{1V} = -\gamma(1V) + \lambda_0 - \gamma^2$$

$$+ \rightarrow -\gamma^2$$

$$a_{1V} = -\gamma(\lambda) + \lambda_2 - \lambda$$

$$\gamma(\gamma-1) + \gamma^2 \alpha = 112 \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = 11}$$

dotnote

$$r^{n+1} - r^n + 1 = r^n \begin{bmatrix} r & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} r^{n+1} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$r y - y + 1 = y^n - r y \rightarrow y^n - y^n = 0$$

$$(y - r)(y + 1) \rightarrow y^n - 1$$

$$y^{n+1} + a_1 y^n = y^n - 1 + r y + y^n - y^n = r y - 1 + r y + 1 = r y$$

$$r d = a \rightarrow a d = r d$$

↓

$$a_1 + a d + q + 1 \cdot d \rightarrow r a_1 + a = r d$$

$$r a_1 = -r d$$

$$a_n = a_1 + r \cdot d$$

$$a_1 = -1 r d$$

$$-1 r d + d = 1$$

$$\frac{d}{r} (a_1 + a d) = \frac{d}{r} (a_1 + q) \rightarrow a a_1 + 1 \cdot d = \frac{d}{r} a_1 + 1 \cdot d = \frac{d}{r} a_1 + \frac{d}{r} a_1 + \frac{d}{r} a_1$$

$$\frac{d}{r} (a_1 + a d) = \frac{d}{r} (a_1 + q) \rightarrow a a_1 + 1 \cdot d = \frac{d}{r} a_1 + 1 \cdot d$$

$$\frac{1}{r} a r = a d \rightarrow a r = a d$$

$$a r = \frac{a d}{\frac{1}{r}} = 1 \cdot d$$

$$\frac{a r}{a_1} = \frac{1 \cdot d}{1 \cdot d} = 1$$

Date

No

$$t_n - t_{n-1} = r_d = 1 \rightarrow d = 1$$

$$ed = r$$

$$\frac{(t_q - \frac{1}{2}d)(t_q + \frac{1}{2}d)}{t_v} = r \cdot \frac{(t_q + \frac{1}{2}d + t_q - \frac{1}{2}d)}{t_q + \frac{1}{2}d} = r \cdot \frac{(t_q + 1)}{t_q + \frac{1}{2}d}$$

$$\frac{r \cdot (t_q + \frac{1}{2}d)}{t_q + \frac{1}{2}d} = r$$

$$d = \frac{r + \sqrt{r^2 - r + 1} \sqrt{r}}{1 \sqrt{r}} = \frac{1 \sqrt{r}}{1 \sqrt{r}} \quad \text{①}$$

$$a_{k-1} = r \quad a_k = a_{k-1} + (k-1) \quad \text{②}$$

$$\rightarrow a_{k-1} = r \quad (a_{k-1} - r) d = r$$

$$a_{n+1} - 1 \rightarrow a_{n-1} - a_{n+1} = r \quad d = \frac{r}{a_{n-1}}$$

$$(r_{n-1}) \left(\frac{r}{a_{n-1}} \right) = r \rightarrow \frac{r \cdot n - r}{a_{n-1}} = r$$

$$n = r \quad q = r$$

● do note

$$a_n + a_{n+1} \binom{n}{1} = a_n + a_{n+1} \binom{n}{1} \rightarrow \binom{n}{1} = n$$

$$\binom{n}{1} = n$$

①.

$$a_n = \binom{n}{1} a_{n-1} \rightarrow a_n + (n-1)d = a_n + (n-1)d - \binom{n-1}{1} a_{n-1} - \binom{n-1}{1} d$$

$$a_k = 0 \rightarrow a_k = a_{k-1}(k-1)d = \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} a_i + \frac{k-1}{2} d = 0$$

$$-d + (k-1)d \rightarrow d(k-1) = 0$$

$$a_k = -d \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} k-1 = 0 \rightarrow k=1 \\ k-1 = 1 \rightarrow k=2 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow a_1 = -d$$