

Subject:

حل المسألة الثالثة

ماتاسلو

بعض دقت

$$a_1 = 40$$

سؤال 1

$$a_n = 41 = \frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}d \sim \frac{1}{2}d = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow t_n = 40 + v(n-1)$$

$$d = v$$

$$20n = 40 + v(n-1)$$

$$14n = vn - v$$

$$n = 20$$

$$14v = vn$$

$$\frac{99K + 14}{99V}$$

$$9n + 14 = 101 \Rightarrow 9n = 101 - 14 = 87 \Rightarrow n = 9$$

$$99V \sim n = \frac{99V - 101}{V} + 1 = \frac{129}{V}$$

$$a_{n+1} + a_{n+2} + a_{n+3} = -4n + 12$$

سؤال 2

$$a_n + d + a_{n+2} + d + a_{n+3} + d = -4n + 12 \Rightarrow 3a_n + 3d = -4n + 12$$

$$\rightarrow n=1 \Rightarrow 3a_1 + 3d = -4 + 12 \Rightarrow a_1 + d = \frac{8}{3} = a_2$$

$$n=2 \Rightarrow 3a_2 + 3d = -8 + 12 \Rightarrow a_2 + d = \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow d = -\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow a_1 = 4$$

$$3a_1 + 3d = 12 \Rightarrow a_1 + d = 4$$

$$a_{14} = a_1 + 13d = -12, a_n = a_1 + nd = -n \rightarrow -12 - n = -n$$

$$b = \frac{a+c}{2}$$

$$r \times (r^{m+1}) = r^m - 1 + r^m - r^m$$

سؤال 3

$$r \times r^m = r^m (1 + r^m) - r \Rightarrow 1 + r^m = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow a_2 = \frac{r^2}{r} - 1 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow a_3 = \frac{r^3}{r^2} - 1 = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow a_{14} = \frac{r^{14}}{r^{13}} - 1 = 64$$

$$\rightarrow a_2 + a_3 + a_{14} = 4 + 16 + 64 = 84$$

$$a_{14} - a_{10} = 4 \Rightarrow a + 11d - a - 9d = 4 \Rightarrow d = 1$$

سؤال 4

$$a_{14} + a_{10} = 2a \Rightarrow a + 11d + a + 9d = 2a \Rightarrow 20d = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0$$

$$t_{11} = \frac{-12d + 2d(20)}{2d} \Rightarrow t_n = \frac{-12d + 2d(n-1)}{2d} \Rightarrow a = -12d$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 = \frac{1}{5}(a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5)$$

سؤال 5

$$a + a + d + a + 2d + a + 3d + a + 4d = \frac{1}{5}(a + a + d + a + 2d + a + 3d + a + 4d)$$

$$5a + 10d = \frac{1}{5}(5a + 10d)$$

$$\omega(a+rd) = \frac{\omega}{r} (a+rd)$$

$$a+rd = \frac{1}{r} a + \frac{r}{r} d \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} a = \frac{1}{r} d$$

$$\frac{ar}{a} = \frac{a+d}{a} = \frac{a+ra}{a} = [r \text{ سب}] \Leftarrow ra = d$$

$$t_n = t_{n-r} + \underbrace{rd}_{\text{سؤال ٧}}$$

$$t_{1r} = t_{1r-r} + \underbrace{rd}_{\text{سؤال ٧}} \rightarrow t_{1r} = t_q + \underbrace{rd}_{\text{سؤال ٧}} \Rightarrow d = \omega$$

$$t_n = t_{n-r} + \underbrace{rd}_{\text{سؤال ٧}} \rightarrow t_n = t_\omega + \underbrace{rd}_{\text{سؤال ٧}}$$

$$(t_q + t_\omega)(t_q - t_\omega) = t_q^2 - t_\omega^2 = (a+rd+a+rd)(a+rd-a+rd)$$

$$t_v = a+rd \rightarrow a+r_0 \quad r_0 a + 1r_0 = \leftarrow d = \omega = (ra+rd)(rd)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{t_q^2 - t_\omega^2}{t_v} = \frac{r_0(a+r_0)}{a+r_0} = [r_0 \text{ سب}]$$

$$d = \frac{b-a}{n+1} \rightarrow \frac{r+\sqrt{r}-r+r\sqrt{r}}{1r+1} =$$

$$\frac{1r\sqrt{r}}{1r} = [\sqrt{r}]$$

$$d = \frac{r-r}{r-n+1} = \frac{r_0}{r-n-r} = \frac{1\omega}{r-n-1} = d$$

$$t_{n+1} = t_1 + nd \rightarrow 11 = r + nd \Rightarrow nd = 9 \Rightarrow 9 = n\left(\frac{1\omega}{r-n-1}\right)$$

$$[r=n] \Leftarrow \omega n = 9n-r \Leftarrow r = n\left(\frac{\omega}{r-n-1}\right)$$

$$a_n + a_{n+r} = a_r + a_{1v}$$

$$n+n+r = r+1v$$

$$rn = 1r \Rightarrow n=1 \Rightarrow a_1 + a_{1r} = a_r + a_{1v}$$

$$a_n = r a_{\frac{n}{r}} \Rightarrow a_1 = r a_r$$

$$a+rd = r a + r d \rightarrow ra = -rd$$

$$[a = -d]$$

$$a_m = a + d(n-1) = 0 \Rightarrow -d + dm - d = 0$$

$$dm = rd$$

$$[m=r]$$