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Subject:

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کتابخانه ۹۰

$$\text{ان) } y = n^r - a \rightarrow n^r = y + a \rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{y+a} \rightarrow y+a \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -a \rightarrow R_f = [-a, +\infty) \quad (1)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = n^r + 1 \rightarrow n^r = y - 1 \rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{y-1} \rightarrow R_f = 1R$$

$$\text{ان) } y = n^r - (n+1)^{r+1} \rightarrow y = n^r - (n+1)^{r+1} \rightarrow y - 1 = (n-1)^r \rightarrow \pm \sqrt[r]{y-1} = n-1 \rightarrow \pm \sqrt[r]{y-1} + 1 = n \quad (2)$$

$$\rightarrow R_f = y - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq 1 \rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = n^r - a(n+1) \rightarrow n^r - a(n+1) - y + 1 = 0 \rightarrow n = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{a \pm \sqrt{r(r+1)y}}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow r+1+fy \geq 0 \rightarrow fy \geq -r-1 \rightarrow y \geq \frac{-r-1}{f} \rightarrow R = \left[\frac{-r-1}{f}, +\infty\right)$$

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$$\text{ان) } y = \frac{n^r + r}{n^r - r} \rightarrow y(n^r - r) = n^r + r \rightarrow y n^r - n^r = r y + r \rightarrow n^r (y-1) = r y + r$$

$$\rightarrow n^r = \frac{r y + r}{y-1} \rightarrow n = \sqrt[r]{\frac{r y + r}{y-1}} \rightarrow \frac{r y + r}{y-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{r}{y-1} \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow (-\infty, 0] \cup (1, +\infty) \rightarrow R = (-\infty, 0] \cup (1, +\infty) \quad \left(-\infty, -\frac{r}{f}\right] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{r|n|+1}{|n|-f} \rightarrow y(|n|-f) = r|n|+1 \rightarrow y|n| - r|n| = f y + 1 \rightarrow |n|(y-r) = f y + 1$$

$$\rightarrow |n| = \frac{f y + 1}{y-r} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{f} \leq \frac{f y + 1}{y-r} \rightarrow R = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{f}\right] \cup (r, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{n^r - f n} \rightarrow y(n^r - f n) - 1 = 0 \rightarrow n = \frac{f y \pm \sqrt{f^2 y^2 + 4 y}}{2 y} \rightarrow 1 \pm \sqrt{f y} \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f y (f y + 1) \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{f} \leq y \rightarrow y \neq 0 \rightarrow R_f = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{f}\right] \cup (0, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ان) } y = n^r - 4n + r \quad \cup \quad \text{ext} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{r a} = \frac{y}{r} = r \\ 4n - 1 + r = -r \end{array} \right. \rightarrow R_f = [-r, +\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } y = -n^r + 4n + r \quad \cap \quad \text{ext} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{r a} = \frac{f}{-r} = r \\ -4n + 1 + r = r \end{array} \right. \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, r]$$



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1) $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 2} \rightarrow U \rightarrow \text{Ext} \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{[-1, +\infty)} \rightarrow [0, +\infty) \right. \text{ (7) (5)}$
 $9 - 4 + 2 = -1$

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x + 6} \rightarrow \cap \rightarrow \text{Ext} \left| \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{(-\infty, 1]} = [0, \sqrt{14}] \right. \text{ (5)}$
 $-4 + 4 + 6 = 6$

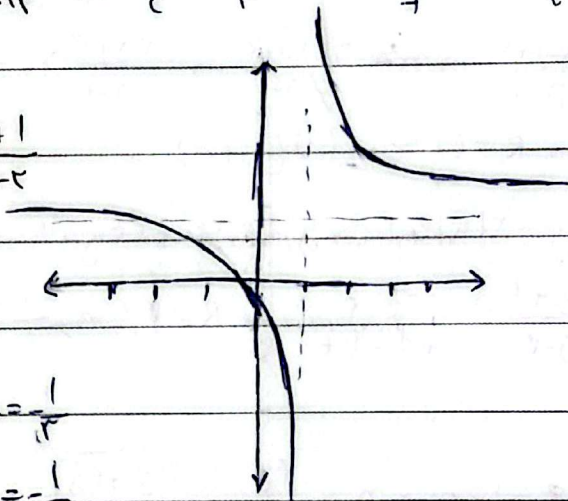
2) $y = x^2 + 2x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$ (7)

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x^2 + 4x + 1} \rightarrow R_f = \sqrt{\mathbb{R}} = [0, +\infty)$ (5)

3) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = \frac{1}{-2} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$ (1, 10)

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x+2}} \rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2\} \rightarrow [0, +\infty) - \{2\}$

4) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$



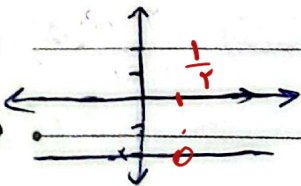
Extremum: $x=2$

(1, 10)

$y=0 \rightarrow x+1=0 \rightarrow x=-1$

$x \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{-2} = -\frac{1}{2}$

5) $y = \frac{x-2}{1-x} = \frac{x-2}{-x+1} \rightarrow \text{Ext} = -x+1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-x+1} \rightarrow \frac{x-2}{-x+1} = \frac{-x(-x+2)}{-x+1} = \frac{x^2-2x}{-x+1} \rightarrow \boxed{x=y}$



$1-x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{1}$

0, 10, 10

(5) (10)

6) $y = \frac{\cos^2 x + 1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow \cos^2 x \neq 0 \rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$

$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2+1}{x}} = \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{1}{x}} = \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow \sqrt{(-\infty, 1] \cup [1, +\infty)} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \sqrt{2}] \cup [\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$