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نام و نام خانوادگی نام پاسخنانه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس A

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt{x|x|}$, $g(x) = x$; $D_f = \{x \mid x \geq 0\} \rightarrow D_f = [0, +\infty)$, $D_g = \mathbb{R}$ ✓ ۱۱۷۵

ب) $f(x) = \frac{(x^2+1)(x+1)+x+1}{x^2+2x+1}$, $g(x) = 1$; $f(x) = \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2+2x+1} = 1$, $g(x) = 1 \Rightarrow D_f = D_g = \mathbb{R}$ ۱۱۷۵

ج) $f(x) = \frac{r \sin^2 x - 4 \sin x}{r \sin x - r}$, $g(x) = r \sin x$; $f(x) = \frac{r \sin x (r \sin x - 4)}{r \sin x - r} = r \sin x$, $g(x) = r \sin x \Rightarrow D_f = D_g = \mathbb{R}$ ۱۱۷۵

د) $f(x) = \frac{x}{|x|} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$, $g(x) = \frac{|x|}{x} \rightarrow D_g = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$; $D_f = D_g$ ۱۱۷۵

ه) $f(x) = \left[\frac{x}{x^2+1} \right]$, $g(x) = \left[\frac{x}{x^2+1} \right]$; $D_f = D_g = \mathbb{R}$ ۱۱۷۵

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{[x]}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{[x]}$; $\frac{1}{[x]} \rightarrow [x] \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq [0, 1) \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$ ۱۱۷۵

ج) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$; $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} \Rightarrow D_f = \emptyset$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} \Rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$ ۱۱۷۵

د) $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^r-x}{x-1} & x \neq 1 \\ r & x = 1 \end{cases}$, $g(x) = x^r + x$; $f(x) = \frac{x^r-x}{x-1} = \frac{x(x^{r-1}-1)}{x-1} = x(x^{r-2}+x^{r-3}+\dots+1)$ ۱۱۷۵

$f(x) + g(x) = x^r + x + 1$, $f(x) - g(x) = x^r - x + 1$; $f'(x) - g'(x) = ?$, $f(x) = ?$, $g(x) = ?$
 $\{f(x) + g(x) = x^r + x + 1 \rightarrow r f(x) + r x^r + r \Rightarrow r f(x) = r(x^r + 1) \rightarrow f(x) = x^r + 1, g(x) = x$
 $\{f(x) - g(x) = x^r - x + 1 \rightarrow r f(x) - r x^r - r \Rightarrow r f(x) = r(x^r + 1) \rightarrow f(x) = x^r + 1, g(x) = x$
 $f'(x) = (x^r + 1)' = x^r + 1 + r x^{r-1}$, $g'(x) = x^r$
 $f'(x) - g'(x) = x^r + 1 + r x^{r-1} - x^r = x^r + 1$ ۵

$f(x) = x - \sqrt{x^r - r}$, $g(x) = x + \sqrt{x^r - r}$ $f \times g = ?$ ۵
 $D_f \Rightarrow x^r - r \geq 0 \rightarrow x^r \geq r \rightarrow \begin{cases} x \geq r & r \geq 0 \\ x \leq -r & r < 0 \end{cases}$; $D_f = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$
 $D_g \Rightarrow x^r - r \geq 0 \rightarrow x^r \geq r$; $D_g = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$
 $f \times g = D_f \cap D_g = (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty)$

$f(x) = \frac{ax+r}{x^r-mx+n}$, $g(x) = \frac{x-b}{x^r-rx-a}$; $am-bn = ?$
 $x^r-mx+n = r(x^r-rx-a) \Rightarrow x^r - mx + n = r x^r - r^2 x - ar \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 = r \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{r} \\ -m = -r^2 \rightarrow m = r^2 \\ n = -ar \rightarrow n = -\frac{a}{r} \end{cases}$
 $ax+r = r(x-b) + \frac{1}{r}(x-b) \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}(x-b)$, $\frac{1}{r}b = r \Rightarrow b = -r$
 $am - bn = (\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r}{r}) - (-\frac{r}{r} \times \frac{a}{r}) = \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{2r}{r} = 2$ ۵

$$f(x) = \frac{bx+r}{\lambda x+b}, \quad g(x)=c, \quad \text{Dom} = \mathbb{R} - \{a\} \quad \frac{ab}{c} = ?$$

$$\lambda x+b \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \frac{-b}{\lambda} \quad (\text{ممنوع}) \Rightarrow a = \frac{-b}{\lambda}$$

$$bx+r = (\lambda x+b)c \Rightarrow bx+r = \lambda xc + bc$$

$$b = \lambda c \quad \& \quad c = \frac{b}{\lambda}, \quad r = bc \rightarrow c = \frac{r}{b} \quad \& \quad r = bc = \lambda c^2 \Rightarrow c^2 = \frac{r}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \Rightarrow c = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}}$$

$$a = \frac{-b}{\lambda} = \frac{-\lambda c}{\lambda} = -c \rightarrow \frac{ab}{c} = \frac{-cb}{c} = -b \rightsquigarrow \begin{cases} (1) c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \rightarrow -\lambda \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}} = -\sqrt{\lambda} \\ (2) c = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \rightarrow -\lambda \cdot (-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}}) = \sqrt{\lambda} \end{cases} \quad \frac{ab}{c} = \pm \sqrt{\lambda} \quad (5)$$

$$f^{-1} = \{(-1, r), (r, u), (r, -\omega), (-2, 0)\} \rightsquigarrow f = \{(-1, r), (r, u), (r, -r), (0, \frac{1}{r})\}$$

$$g = \{(r, u), (-1, -r), (-1, -r), (\omega, 0)\} \quad \& \quad \frac{rg}{f+g} = ?$$

$$r, r, -1 : g \circ f \quad (\text{استمرارية})$$

$$\text{ممنوع} \rightarrow r: \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = 1, \quad r: \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\lambda}, \quad -1: \frac{-\lambda}{-\lambda} = 1$$

$$\text{ممنوع} \Rightarrow R = \{r, 1\}$$

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$$g = \{(r, -1), (-r, 1), (a - rb, \omega)\}, \quad f = \{(r, a), (-r, a - rb), (c, \omega), (r, d)\} \quad d+c = ?$$

$$a = d = -1, \quad \frac{ra - rb}{-r} = 1 \rightarrow -rb = r \Rightarrow b = -r, \quad \frac{a - rb}{-r} = c \rightarrow c = \omega$$

$$d+c = -1 + \omega = \frac{r}{\lambda}$$

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + x - m}, \quad g(x) = \{a, b\} \quad a+b = ?$$

$$-x^2 + x - m \geq 0 \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 1 - 4m \quad 1 - 4m = 0 \rightarrow 4m = 1 \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{4} \quad \checkmark$$

$$-x^2 + x - \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2}, \quad f(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{0} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$g(x) = \{(\frac{1}{2}, 0)\} \rightarrow a+b = \frac{1}{2} + 0 = \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x+a}{x^2+4x+b}, \quad g(x) = \frac{r}{x-c}; \quad a+b+c = ?$$

$$(x+a)(x-c) = r(x^2+4x+b) \Rightarrow rx^2 - rx + ax - ac = rx^2 + 4rx + rb \Rightarrow \frac{-rx + ax - ac}{\text{مساوي}} = 12x + rb$$

$$x(a-r) - ac = 12x + rb \rightarrow a-r = 12, \quad -ac = rb \rightarrow b = \frac{-ac}{r}$$

$$* (x-c)^2 : x^2 + 4x + b \rightarrow x^2 - rx + c^2 = x^2 + 4x + b \Rightarrow -rc = 4 \Rightarrow c = -\frac{4}{r} \quad (1) \quad b = 9, \quad a - rc = 12 \Rightarrow a = 4 \quad (2)$$

$$a+b+c = -4 + 9 + 4 = 9 \rightarrow \text{جواب آخر} \quad \checkmark$$

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