

برابر است $D = R$
 $f(x) = \sqrt{x|x|}$, $g(x) = x \rightarrow x = -1 \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{-1} \times \frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \rightarrow D = R^+ \cup \{0\}$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{(x+r)(x+1)+x+r}{x^2+ax+r}$, $g(x) = 1$ $f(x) = g(x)$ برابر
 $D = R$

ج) $f(x) = \frac{r \sin x - 4 \sin x}{r \sin x - r}$, $g(x) = r \sin x$ $\frac{r \sin x (r \sin x - r)}{r \sin x - r} = f(x) = r \sin x$ برابر

د) $f(x) = \frac{x}{|x|}$, $g(x) = \frac{|x|}{x} \rightarrow D = R - \{0\} \rightarrow$ برابر $f(x) = g(x)$
 $D = R - \{0\}$

الف) $f(x) = \left[\frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \right]$, $g(x) = [x - [x]] \rightarrow \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \rightarrow 0$ برابر
 $\frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \rightarrow 0$ برابر

ب) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x \rightarrow D = [0, 1) \rightarrow$ برابر
 $D = [0, 1)$

ج) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$, $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|-x}}$ $\rightarrow x \geq 1$ $\rightarrow D = R^+$ $\rightarrow f(x) = g(x)$ برابر
 $D = R^+$

د) $f(x) = \frac{x^2-x}{x-1}$, $g(x) = x^2+x \rightarrow x \rightarrow D = R - \{0, 1\} \rightarrow f(x) = g(x)$ برابر
 $D = R - \{0, 1\}$

$R - (-\infty, 0]$
 $f(x) + g(x) = x^2 + x + 1$ $\rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x^2+x+1}{x+1} \rightarrow x^2+x+1 = (x+1)f(x)$

$f(x) - g(x) = x^2 - x + 1$
 $f'(x) - g'(x) \xrightarrow{\text{فابا}} = x^2 + x^2 + 1 = (x^2+1)^2 - x^2$

$g(x)$ و $f(x) \xrightarrow{\text{فابا}} f(x) = x^2+1$, $g(x) = x$

$f(x) = x - \sqrt{x^2-4}$, $g(x) = x + \sqrt{x^2-4}$ $f \times g = (x - \sqrt{x^2-4})(x + \sqrt{x^2-4})$

$x^2 - 4$ $x \geq 2$ $x \leq -2$ $D = [2, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -2]$ $x^2 - x^2 + 4 = 4$

$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2+x^2-mx+n}$, $g(x) = \frac{x-b}{x^2-rx-\Delta}$

$\frac{rx+n}{x^2-rmx+n}$ $\frac{rx}{x^2} = \frac{rx}{x^2}$ $rx = -\Delta$ $rx = 1$ $b = -f$
 $-rm = -r$ $m = \frac{r}{r}$ $n = -\frac{\Delta}{r}$ $a = \frac{1}{r}$

$am - bm =$ $\frac{r}{r} - 10 = \frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{-37}{r}$

$$f(x) = \frac{bx+r}{\lambda x+b} \neq 0$$

$$x \neq -\frac{b}{\lambda}$$

$$g(x) = c$$

$$D_g = R - \{a\}$$

$$\frac{-b}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{ab}{c} = \pm r$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \pm \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{b}{c} = \pm \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{bx+r}{\lambda x+b} = c \rightarrow b = \lambda c, bc = r \rightarrow \lambda c^2 = r \rightarrow c^2 = \frac{1}{\lambda} \rightarrow c = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}}$$

$$bx+r = \lambda xc + bc \rightarrow bx - bc = \lambda xc - r \rightarrow b(x-c) = \lambda xc - r \rightarrow b = \frac{\lambda xc - r}{x-c}$$

$$rg \rightarrow \{(r, \lambda) (r, 1/r) (-b, -\lambda) (0, 0)\}$$

$$f+g \downarrow \mathcal{L} = \{(-1, r) (r, r) (r, -r) (0, \frac{1}{r})\} = \{(r, -1) (r, 1) (r, r)\}$$

$$d+c = -1 + 0 = r$$

$$\alpha = -1$$

$$-1 + a = c$$

$$-1 - rb = 1$$

$$-rb = 2$$

$$-b = \frac{2}{r}$$

$$b = -\frac{2}{r}$$

$$c = 0$$

$$a = d$$

$$d = -1$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + x - m}$$

$$g(x) = \left\{ \begin{matrix} (a, b) \\ \downarrow \\ \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 + fm = 0$$

$$fm = 1 \quad m = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{rx+a}{x^2+4x+b}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{r}{x-c}$$

$$\frac{a+b+c}{4} = 11$$

$$\frac{rx+a}{(x^2+4x+b)(x-c)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r(x+\frac{a}{r})}{(x+\frac{a}{r})(x-c)} = \frac{r}{x-c}$$

$$c = -\frac{a}{r}, \quad ra = 11$$

$$\boxed{a = 4}$$

$$c = -\frac{11}{4}$$

$$b = 9$$