

$$y = \sqrt{nf(n)} \rightarrow nf(n) \geq 0$$

نقطه ها

$$\begin{aligned} n &= 0 \\ n &= 5 \\ n &= -5 \\ n &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \rightarrow D_f = [-a, 0] \cup [5, \infty)$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{-n}{f(n)}} \rightarrow \frac{-n}{f(n)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \text{مخرج و صورت علامت مخالف} \rightarrow D_f = (-5, 0) \cup (0, 5) = \boxed{(-5, 5) - \{0\}}$$

$f(n) \neq 0$

$$f(n) \cdot f(5) = n^2 - 5n + 5 \rightarrow f(5) \rightarrow n=5 \rightarrow f(5) \cdot f(5) = 5 - 5 + 5 = 5$$

$$f(-5) = ? \rightarrow f(5) = -5 \rightarrow f(5) = -5 \rightarrow f(5) = -5$$

$$f(n) = n^2 - 5n + 5 \rightarrow n = -5 \rightarrow f(-5) = 25 + 25 + 5 = 55 \rightarrow f(-5) = 55$$

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} n - \sqrt{n+5} & ; n > 5 \\ 5n + 5 & ; n \leq 5 \end{cases} \quad f(f(5)) + f(f(1))$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(5) &= 5 - \sqrt{5+5} = 5 - \sqrt{10} \\ f(f(5)) &= f(5 - \sqrt{10}) = 5(5 - \sqrt{10}) + 5 = 25 - 5\sqrt{10} + 5 = 30 - 5\sqrt{10} \\ f(1) &= 5(1) + 5 = 10 \\ f(f(1)) &= f(10) = 10 - \sqrt{10+5} = 10 - \sqrt{15} \end{aligned} \right\} f(f(5)) + f(f(1)) = 30 - 5\sqrt{10} + 10 - \sqrt{15} = \boxed{40 - 5\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{15}}$$

$$f(n) = an^2 - bn + 5 \rightarrow f(n-1) = a(n-1)^2 - b(n-1) + 5 = an^2 - 2an + a - bn + b + 5 = 7n + 5$$

$$f(n-1) - f(n) = 7n + 5 \rightarrow an^2 - 2an + a - bn + b + 5 - (an^2 - bn + 5) = 7n + 5$$

$$a + b - 2an = 7n + 5 \rightarrow a + b = 7 \rightarrow -5 + b = 7 \rightarrow \boxed{b = 12}$$

$$a - b = -5 - 12 = \boxed{-17}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{n^2 + 5n + 4}{n^2 + 5n + 5} \quad f(\sqrt{5}-1) = \frac{(\sqrt{5}-1)^2 + 5(\sqrt{5}-1) + 4}{(\sqrt{5}-1)^2 + 5(\sqrt{5}-1) + 5} = \frac{5 - 2\sqrt{5} + 1 + 5\sqrt{5} - 5 + 4}{5 - 2\sqrt{5} + 1 + 5\sqrt{5} - 5 + 5} = \frac{1 + 3\sqrt{5}}{1 + 3\sqrt{5}} = \boxed{1}$$

Subject:

$$f\left(m - \frac{1}{n}\right) = \left(m - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 + 2$$

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$$f\left(m - \frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{n^2 + 1}{n^2} = \frac{n^2}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2} = n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2} \rightarrow \left(m - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 = n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2} \rightarrow n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2} = \left(m - \frac{1}{n}\right)^2 + 2$$

$$f(-2) = ?$$

$$\rightarrow f(m) = n^2 + 2 \rightarrow f(-2) = (-2)^2 + 2 = 4 + 2 = \boxed{6}$$

$$f(m) = \{(1, 0), (1, -4), (2, 2), (2, 0)\} \rightarrow D_f = 2, 1, 0, 2$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt{4 - n^2} \rightarrow (2 - n)(2 + n) \geq 0 \rightarrow D_g = [-2, 2]$$

$$\text{ان) } \frac{f}{g} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{2}{2}\right), \left(1, \frac{-4}{\sqrt{3}}\right), \left(2, \frac{0}{\sqrt{0}}\right) \right\} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{2}{2}\right), \left(1, -\sqrt{3}\right), \left(2, 0\right) \right\}$$

$$\text{ـ) } \frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{2}{2}\right), \left(1, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{-4}\right), \left(2, \frac{0}{2}\right) \right\} = \left\{ \left(0, \frac{2}{2}\right), \left(1, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}\right) \right\}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{-4} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$f(m) = \{(2, 1), (3, 4), (-5, 2), (1, -2)\}$$

$$\text{ان) } 2f(m) = \{(2, 2), (3, 8), (-5, 4), (1, -4)\} \quad \text{ـ) } f(m) + 1 = \{(2, 2), (3, 5), (-5, 3), (1, -1)\}$$

$$\text{ج) } 3f^2(m) + 1 = \{(2, 4), (3, 16), (-5, 12), (1, 5)\}$$

$$\text{د) } f(2n) = \left\{ \left(1, 1\right), \left(\frac{3}{2}, 4\right), \left(\frac{-5}{2}, 2\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, -2\right) \right\}$$

$$f(m) = \{(2, 3), (2, 2), (1, 4), (3, 1), (5, 2)\}$$

$$g(n) = \{(1, 0), (2, 1), (-1, 4), (-2, -3), (3, 1)\}$$

$$\text{ان) } f - g = \{(2, 2), (1, 4), (3, 2)\} \quad \text{ـ) } 2f = \{(2, 6), (2, 4), (1, 8), (3, 2), (5, 4)\}$$