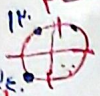


الف) $\frac{\sin x - 1}{\cos x + 1} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cos x + 1} \rightarrow \cos x \neq -1$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$



✓

ب) $\frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x - 1} = \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi\}$



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الف) $\frac{\sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1$



$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

ب) $\frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1$



$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

✓

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الف) $\sin y = x - 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x - 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq 2$ $D_f = [-\sqrt{3}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 1) \rightarrow -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq 4$ $D_f = [1, 4]$

✓

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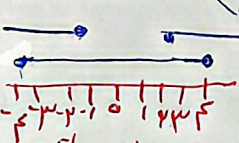
الف) $\cos y = |x| - 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq |x| \leq 2$

① $|x| \leq 2$

$-2 \leq x \leq 2$

② $+2 \leq |x|$

$x \geq 2$ or $x \leq -2$



$D_f = [-2, 2] \cup [2, \infty) \cup (-\infty, -2]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 1) \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 0 \rightarrow x = 0$

$x^2 + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$ $D_f = \{0\}$

الف) $y = \log_2(x - 1) \rightarrow x - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1$ $D_f = (1, \infty)$

ب) $\log_2 |x| \rightarrow |x| > 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0$

$-2 < x < 2 \rightarrow (-2, 2)$

✓

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$$y = \log \frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} \rightarrow \frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \omega > x \\ x > \omega \end{cases} \quad x - \omega \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \omega$$

$$\frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{\omega - x}{x - \omega} > 0$$

$$\rightarrow (x, \omega) \cup (\omega, x) \subset \mathbb{R} \setminus \{\omega\}$$

$$1) \log \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + \omega} \rightarrow x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 1 \rightarrow x > 1 \vee x < -1$$

$$2) x + \omega > 0 \rightarrow x > -\omega$$

$$x + \omega \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 1 - \omega$$

$$D_f = (-\omega - 1) \cup (1 + \omega) - \{1 - \omega\}$$

$$y = \log \frac{x^2 - \omega x + \omega}{x - \omega} \rightarrow \frac{(x - 1)(x - \omega)}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\omega}{x - \omega} \rightarrow (1, \omega) \cup (\omega, +\infty)$$

$$4) \log \frac{x + \omega}{x - \omega} \rightarrow x + \omega > 0 \rightarrow x > -\omega, x \neq -\omega$$

$$\frac{x + \omega}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x + \omega}{x - \omega} > 0 \rightarrow x > \omega \vee x < -\omega$$

$$D_f = (-\omega - \omega) \cup (-\omega, -\omega) \cup (\omega, +\infty)$$

$$الف) \sqrt{x - \log_p(x - \omega)} \rightarrow (x - \omega) > 0 \rightarrow x > \omega$$

$$\log_p(x - \omega) \leq \omega \rightarrow x - \omega \leq p^\omega \rightarrow x \leq \omega + p^\omega \rightarrow x \leq 10$$

$$D_f = [p^\omega, 10]$$

$$ب) \log_p(\log_p x - 1)$$

$$\log_p x - 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \log_p x > 1 \rightarrow \log_p x > \frac{1}{p}$$

$$\log_p x > \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow x > p^{\frac{1}{p}} = \sqrt[p]{p}$$

$$D_f = (\sqrt[p]{p}, +\infty)$$

$$الف) \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} \rightarrow x^2 + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \neq -1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$ب) \frac{x}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \neq 1, x \neq 0 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{0, \pm 1\}$$

$$2) y = \frac{x}{x^2 - 1} = x - \frac{1}{x - 1} \neq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -1\}$$

$$3) \frac{x}{x^2 - \omega} \rightarrow x^2 - \omega \neq 0 \rightarrow x^2 \neq \omega \rightarrow x \neq \pm \sqrt{\omega}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_p \omega\}$$

$$الف) = (x + 1)! \rightarrow x + 1 \in \mathbb{N} \rightarrow D_f = \{x \mid x = k - 1, k \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

$$ب) \frac{x^2 - \omega}{(x - \omega)!} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - \omega}{(x - \omega)} \in \mathbb{N} \rightarrow x^2 - \omega \in (x - \omega)\mathbb{N}$$

$$x^2 - \omega \in (x - \omega)\mathbb{N} \rightarrow x = \frac{x^2 - \omega}{x - \omega}$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{x^2 - \omega}{x - \omega}, x \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

$$x^2 - \omega \neq 0$$

$$x \neq \pm \sqrt{\omega}$$