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الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1}$

$2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Unit Circle} \\ \text{Points: } (1,0), (2,0) \end{matrix}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi + k\pi \pm \frac{2\pi}{3}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 2}{\cos x - 1}$

$\cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Unit Circle} \\ \text{Point: } (1,0) \end{matrix}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف) $y = \frac{2 \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$

$\tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \neq -1 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Unit Circle} \\ \text{Points: } (1,1), (-1,-1) \end{matrix}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1}$

$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \neq 1 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Unit Circle} \\ \text{Points: } (1,1), (-1,-1) \end{matrix}$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2$

$-1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 - 2 \rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \rightarrow |x| \geq 1$ $D_f = \sqrt{-1}, -1 \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 2)$

$\begin{cases} \sqrt{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 0 \\ -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 3 \rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 9 \end{cases}$ $D_f = [4, 9]$

الف) $\cos y = |x| - 2$

$-1 \leq |x| - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 2 \rightarrow 1 \leq |x| \rightarrow |x| \geq 1$ $D_f = [-2, -1] \cup [1, 2]$

ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 2x + 1)$

$-1 \leq x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x \leq 0 \rightarrow x(x+2) \leq 0 \rightarrow x \in [-2, 0] \\ x^2 + 2x + 1 \geq -1 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)^2 + 1 \geq 0 \end{cases}$ $D_f = [-2, 0] \cup [0, 2]$

الف) $y = \log_{x^2-2}$

$x^2 - 2 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 2 \rightarrow x < -\sqrt{2} \text{ or } x > \sqrt{2}$ $D_f = (-\infty, -\sqrt{2}) \cup (\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{x^2-1}$

$x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 1 \rightarrow x < -1 \text{ or } x > 1$ $D_f = (-1, 1)$

الف) $y = \log_{x-2}^{x-x}$

$x - 2 > 0 \rightarrow x > 2$ $D_f = (2, +\infty) - \{4\}$

ب) $y = \log_{x+2}^{x^2-1}$

$x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 1 \rightarrow x < -1 \text{ or } x > 1$ $D_f = (-1, 1) \cup (-2, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{1\}$

الف) $y = \log_{\frac{x^2-2x+2}{x-2}}$

$\frac{x^2-2x+2}{x-2} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-1} > 0$ $D_f = (1, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{\frac{x+2}{x-2}}$

$\frac{x+2}{x-2} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2}{+1} > 0$ $D_f = (-2, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{1\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{r - \log_r(x-r)}$

$r - \log_r(x-r) \geq 0 \rightarrow r \geq \log_r(x-r) \rightarrow 1 \geq x-r \rightarrow x \leq r$ $D_f = (r, 0]$

ب) $y = \log(r \log_r(x-1))$

$r \log_r(x-1) > 0 \rightarrow r \log_r(x-1) > 1 \rightarrow \log_r(x-1) > \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x > \sqrt[r]{r}$ $D_f = (\sqrt[r]{r}, +\infty)$

$$الف) y = \frac{3}{x^x + 1} \rightarrow x^x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^x \neq -1 \rightarrow \log x^x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log x^x\}$$

$$ب) y = \frac{3}{x^x - 1} \rightarrow x^x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^x \neq 1 \rightarrow \log x^x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log x^x\} \subset D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

$$ج) y = \frac{3}{x^x - 2} \rightarrow x^x - 2 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^x \neq 2 \rightarrow \log x^x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log x^x\}$$

$$د) y = \frac{3}{x^x - 3} \rightarrow x^x - 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow x^x \neq 3 \rightarrow \log x^x \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log x^x\}$$

$$الف) y = (x+1)! \quad x+1 \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{W}-1 \rightarrow x \in \frac{\mathbb{W}-1}{x} \rightarrow D_f = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{k-1}{x}, k \in \mathbb{W} \right\}$$

$$ب) y = \left(\frac{3x-2}{2x-5} \right)! \quad \frac{3x-2}{2x-5} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow 3x-2 \in 2x\mathbb{W}-5\mathbb{W}$$

$$3x-2x\mathbb{W} \in -5\mathbb{W}+2 \rightarrow x(3-2\mathbb{W}) \in -5\mathbb{W}+2 \rightarrow x = \frac{-5\mathbb{W}+2}{3-2\mathbb{W}}$$

$$D_f = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{5k-2}{2k-3}, k \in \mathbb{W} \right\}$$