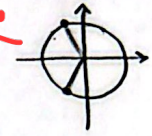


الف) $y = \frac{\sin x - 2}{2 \cos x + 1} \rightarrow 2 \cos x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi \pm \frac{2\pi}{3}\}$



ب) $y = \frac{\sin x + 3}{\cos x - 1} \rightarrow \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2k\pi\}$

الف) $y = \frac{2 \sin x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \rightarrow \cos x \neq 0, \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}]$



$\hookrightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \rightarrow \sin x \neq 0, \cot x \neq 1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\}$



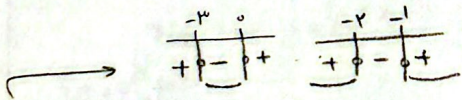
الف) $\sin y = x^2 - 2 \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 - 2 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 \leq x^2 \rightarrow x \geq 1, x \leq -1 \\ x^2 \leq 3 \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{3} \end{cases} \cap \rightarrow -\sqrt{3} \leq x \leq -1 \cup 1 \leq x \leq \sqrt{3}$

$D_f = [-\sqrt{3}, -1] \cup [1, \sqrt{3}]$

ب) $y = \arccos(\sqrt{x} - 3) \rightarrow -1 \leq \sqrt{x} - 3 \leq 1 \rightarrow 2 \leq \sqrt{x} \leq 4 \rightarrow 4 \leq x \leq 16 \rightarrow D_f = [4, 16]$

الف) $\cos y = |x| - 3 \rightarrow -1 \leq |x| - 3 \leq 1 \rightarrow 2 \leq |x| \leq 4 \rightarrow 2 \leq x \leq 4, -4 \leq x \leq -2$

$\hookrightarrow D_f = [2, 4] \cup [-4, -2]$



ب) $y = \arcsin(x^2 + 3x + 1) \rightarrow -1 \leq x^2 + 3x + 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + 3x \leq 0 \rightarrow x(x+3) \leq 0 \\ x^2 + 3x + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x+2) \geq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = [-3, -2] \cup [-1, 0]$

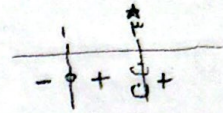
الف) $y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x^2 - 4) \rightarrow x^2 - 4 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 > 4 \rightarrow x > 2, x < -2 \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(2 - |x|) \rightarrow 2 - |x| > 0 \rightarrow |x| < 2 \rightarrow -2 < x < 2 \rightarrow D_f = (-2, 2)$

الف) $y = \log_{x-r} \omega - x \rightarrow \begin{cases} \omega - x > 0 \\ x - r > 0 \\ x - r \neq 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x < \omega \\ x > r \\ x \neq r \end{cases} \Rightarrow r < x < \omega, x \neq r \Rightarrow D_f = (r, \omega) - \{r\}$
 $\hookrightarrow (r, f) \cup (f, \omega)$

ب) $y = \log_{x+r} x^r - 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^r - 1 > 0 \\ x + r > 0 \\ x + r \neq 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x > 1, x < -1 \\ x > -r \\ x \neq -r \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = (-r, -1) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{-r\}$
 $\hookrightarrow (-r, -1) \cup (-1, -r) \cup (1, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log \frac{x^r - f x + r}{x - r} \rightarrow \frac{x^r - f x + r}{x - r} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-r)}{x-r} > 0 \rightarrow D_f = (1, r) \cup (r, +\infty) \rightarrow (1, +\infty) - \{r\}$



ب) $y = \log_{x+\omega} \frac{x^r}{x-r} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{x+r}{x-r} > 0 \\ x + \omega > 0 \\ x + \omega \neq 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x > -\omega \\ x \neq -f \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\omega, -f) \cup (-f, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) = (-\omega, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) - \{-f\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{r - \log^{(x-r)}}$
 $\begin{cases} r - \log^{(x-r)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \log^{(x-r)} \leq r \rightarrow x - r \leq 1 \rightarrow x \leq 1 + r \\ x - r > 0 \rightarrow x > r \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = (r, 1 + r]$
 $\hookrightarrow r < x \leq 1 + r \rightarrow (r, 1 + r]$

ب) $y = \log(r \log_x^r - 1) \rightarrow \begin{cases} x > 0 \\ r \log_x^r - 1 > 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \log_x^r > \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x > r^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow x > \sqrt[r]{r} \Rightarrow D_f = (\sqrt[r]{r}, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \frac{r}{-f^x + 1} \rightarrow f^x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow f^x \neq -1 \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $y = \frac{r}{f^x - 1} \rightarrow f^x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow f^x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 0$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}, D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_f 1\}$

ج) $y = \frac{r}{f^x - r} \rightarrow f^x - r \neq 0 \rightarrow f^x \neq r$

د) $y = \frac{r}{f^x - r} \rightarrow f^x - r \neq 0 \rightarrow f^x \neq r$

$\hookrightarrow \log_f r \neq 0 \sim \mathbb{R}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{r}\}, D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_f r\}$

$\hookrightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\log_f r\}$

الف) $y = (f x + 1)! \rightarrow f x + 1 \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x \in \frac{\mathbb{W} - 1}{f} \rightarrow D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{K - 1}{f}, K \in \mathbb{W}\}$

ب) $y = \left(\frac{r x - r}{r x - \omega}\right)! \rightarrow \frac{r x - r}{r x - \omega} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow r x - r \in r \mathbb{W} - \omega \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x \in \frac{\omega \mathbb{W} - r}{r \mathbb{W} - r} \rightarrow D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{\omega K - r}{r K - r}, K \in \mathbb{W}\}$

$\frac{-\omega \mathbb{W} + r}{r - r \mathbb{W}}$