

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{rx^2-1}{rx-1} & ; x \neq a \\ rx+k & ; x = \frac{1}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = rx+1 \rightarrow D_g = R \quad \text{سوال ۸}$$

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$$\frac{rx^2-1}{rx-1} = \frac{(rx-1)(rx+1)}{rx-1}$$

$$\frac{rx^2-1}{rx-1} = \frac{rx+1}{1} \rightarrow rx+1, x \neq a \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$$

شرط برابری $f(x)$ و $g(x)$:

$$\frac{(rx-1)(rx+1)}{rx-1} = rx+1 \Rightarrow g(x)$$

$$a+k = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$f(a) = g(a) \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \Rightarrow r \cdot \frac{1}{r} + 1 = r \Rightarrow k = 0$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{rx^2-r}{rx+r} & ; x \neq \frac{r}{r} \\ rax+r & ; x = -\frac{r}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = rx+b$$

سوال ۹

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$$x = -\frac{r}{r} \quad rx-r = rx+b$$

شرط برابری $f(x)$ و $g(x)$:

$$b = -r$$

$$a-b = r - (-r) = a$$

$$\frac{rx^2-r}{rx+r} = \frac{(rx-r)(rx+r)}{rx+r} = rx-r$$

$$x = -\frac{r}{r} \quad 2) \quad r\left(-\frac{r}{r}\right) + r = -r + b$$

$$-ra + r = b \Rightarrow -ra + r = -r \Rightarrow a = 3$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-r}{x-r} & ; x \neq r \\ ra^2+ax & ; x = r \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = x+r$$

سوال ۱۰

شرط برابری $f(x)$ و $g(x)$:

$$ra^2+ax = x+r$$

$$x=r \quad \begin{cases} ra^2+ra = r+r \\ ra^2+ra-r = r \Rightarrow ra^2+ra-r-r = 0 \Rightarrow ra^2+ra-1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{x^2-r}{x-r} = \frac{(x+r)(x-r)}{x-r} = x+r \Rightarrow g(x)$$

$$(a+r)(a-r) = 0$$

$$a = -r, a = 1$$

پاسخ: $a = -r, a = 1$