

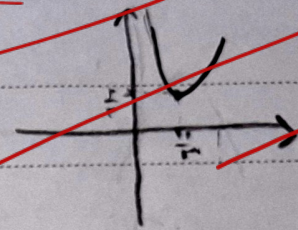
Subject: _____

Date _____

نفسه اناسایی

$$y = 3x^2 - 2x \quad n = -\frac{b}{2a} \rightarrow n = -\frac{-2}{2 \times 3} = +\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

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① از برای اد ۲

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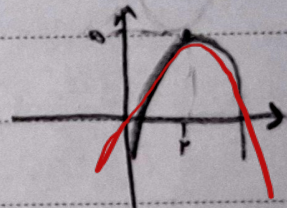
$$y = \frac{-A}{2a} = \frac{-(-2)}{2 \times 3} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

رأس (1/3, 2/3)

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow (-2)^2 - 4(3 \times 0) = 4$$

از برای اد ۳ در ۴

$$y = -x^2 + 4x \quad n = -\frac{b}{2a} \rightarrow n = -\frac{(4)}{2 \times (-1)} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$



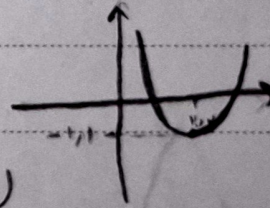
از برای اد ۲
به
کمی کمتر

$$y = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{2 \times (-1)} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 4^2 - 4(-1 \times 1) = 20 \quad \text{رأس (2, 4)}$$

$$n = 2 \rightarrow y = 4$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 5x + 2 \quad n = -\frac{b}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{-(-5)}{2 \times 2} = \frac{5}{4} = 1.25$$



② از برای اد ۲ در ۴

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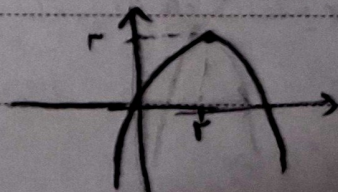
$$y = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-5)}{2 \times 2} = \frac{5}{4} = 1.25$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow (-5)^2 - 4(2 \times 2) = 9 \quad \text{رأس (1.25, -1.125)}$$

$$y = -x^2 + 4x - 1 \rightarrow n = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

رأس (2, 3)



از برای اد ۳ در ۴

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 4^2 - 4(-1 \times -1) = 12$$

$x^2 - x - 2 = 0$ (3)

1) $\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha - \beta} = \alpha + \beta = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{-1}{1} = 1$

$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{1+4}}{1} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{1} = \sqrt{5}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$
 $|a| = 1$

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2) $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 2\alpha\beta = (1)^2 - 2(-2) = 5$

3) $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 2\alpha\beta = (1)^2 - 2(-2) = 5$

4) $\alpha^2 - \beta^2 = (\alpha - \beta)^2 + 2\alpha\beta = (\sqrt{5})^2 + 2(-2) = 5 - 4 = 1$

اگر $\Delta = 0$ ، معادله دارای یک نقطه تقاطع است. $\Delta = 0$

~~$x^2 - ax + a \rightarrow A = b^2 - 4ac = (-a)^2 - 4(1)(a) = a^2 - 4a = 0$
 $a^2 = 4a$
 $a = 4 \rightarrow a = 0$~~

5) اگر α و β ریشه های معادله $3x^2 - 12x - a = 0$ و $2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 - 4\alpha = 5$ باشد، مقدار a چقدر است؟

$3x^2 - 12x - a = 0 \rightarrow S = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{-12}{3} = 4$ و $P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-a}{3}$

$2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 - 4\alpha = 5 \rightarrow S = -\frac{b}{a} = -1$ و $P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$

$3x^2 - 12x - 1 = 0$

$\log_2 (3x-1) = \frac{(x-1)}{m=f}$
 $3x-1 = 2^{m=f}$
 $3x = 1 + 2^m$
 $x = \frac{1 + 2^m}{3}$

$$ax^r - aax - b = 0 \rightarrow S = -\frac{b}{a} \rightarrow -\frac{a}{a} = -1 \quad P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{b}{a}$$

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~~$$F_0 P^r + r_0 a^r = r_0 P^r = -1 \quad \rightarrow \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{-1 - r_0}{r_0} \quad \frac{1}{r_0} \quad / \quad P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-1}{r_0}$$~~