

1) $\tan \frac{11\pi}{8} + \sin \frac{13\pi}{8} \cos \frac{14\pi}{8}$

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$$\tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{13\pi}{8}\right) \cos\left(\frac{14\pi}{8}\right) = -1 + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -1 + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

2) $\tan \frac{11\pi}{8} \sin \frac{11\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{11\pi}{8}$

$$\tan\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) \sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{8}\right) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$\cot x = 5$ $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = 5$

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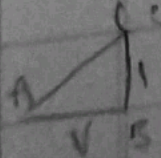
$$\frac{5(\cos x - \sin x)}{\cos x + \sin x} = \frac{11 - 1}{5 + 1} = \frac{10}{6}$$

$\sin a = 5 \cos a$ $\tan a = 5$

$\sin^2 a = 1 - \cos^2 a$ $25 \cos^2 a = 1 - \cos^2 a$ $26 \cos^2 a = 1$ $\cos^2 a = \frac{1}{26}$ $\cos a = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}$

1) $\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{8} + a\right) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times -\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{26}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{26}} = 0$

2) $\sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{8} + a\right) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right) + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right) = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{26}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{26}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}$



$\tan a = 5$ $\sin a = \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$ $\cos a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}$

$\frac{-5}{0}$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{\mu}$$

$$r \sin^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{\mu} - \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{\mu}}{\frac{r}{\mu}} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 - r \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{\mu}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{r}{\mu} = \frac{r}{\mu}$$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{r} ab \sin \alpha \quad F, a = \frac{1}{r} \times 4 \times \sqrt{r} \times \sin \alpha$$

$$\sqrt{r} \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{4} \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{4}$$

$$\frac{a_{\max}}{a_{\min}} = \frac{11^\circ}{4^\circ} = 2$$

$$\alpha = 4^\circ \leq 11^\circ$$

$$S_{\Delta} = ab \sin \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} a^2 \times \frac{1}{r} = 4r \quad a^2 = 4r \quad a = 2\sqrt{r}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{r}{\mu} \quad b = \frac{\mu}{r} a$$

$$b = 4\sqrt{r}$$

$$P_{\Delta} = \tau_a + \tau_b = 12\sqrt{r} + 12\sqrt{r} = 24\sqrt{r}$$

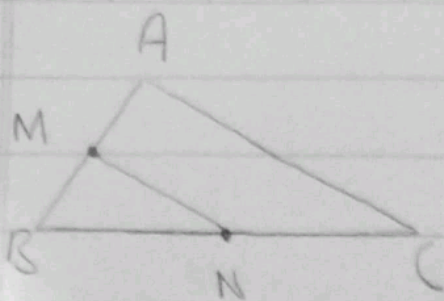
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$$\frac{1}{r} AC \times AB \times \sin A = \frac{1}{r} AD \times AE \times \sin A = 1, N_0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times V \times O \times \sin A = \frac{1}{r} \times V \times F \times \sin A = 1, N_0$$

$$\sin A (\frac{V}{r} \times \frac{r}{V}) = \frac{V}{r} \quad \sin A = \frac{1}{r} \quad \tan A = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\text{Calculate } A \Rightarrow A = 30^\circ \Rightarrow \cos A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$\overline{BM} = \overline{NC}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \cdot AB \times BC \times \sin B = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \cdot BN \times BM \times \sin B$$

$$(AM + BM) \times (BN + CN) = \frac{1}{x} (BM) \times (BM)$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \cdot BN$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \cdot AM + \frac{1}{x} \cdot BM = \frac{1}{x} \cdot BM \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} \cdot AM = \frac{1}{x} \cdot BM$$

$$\frac{BM}{AM} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$BM = \Delta AM$$

$$BM = \frac{1}{x} \cdot AM$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-1}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha - 1}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$|\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$|\cos \alpha| = -\cos \alpha$$

$$\cos \alpha < 0$$

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