

$$\{1\}, \{2, 3, 4\}, \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

۱۱ = ۹۲ = ۸۱ < n² = ۱۰۰ ← فرمول

فرض اول سے $(n-1)^2 + 1$ سے $(2-1)^2 + 1 = 2$ (دوم) سے $(9-1)^2 + 1 = 40$ (سوم) سے

$$\frac{ya+ni}{r} = (vr) \leq \frac{a+b}{r} : \text{با ضرب جملی}$$

$$\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, \dots, 12\}, \{13, 14, \dots, 24\}, \{25, \dots, 36\}, \underbrace{\{37, \dots, 48\}}_{\omega \sim 1}$$

$$\frac{1Y1 + 14R}{r} \rightarrow \overset{\text{KXIRI}}{=} \frac{\text{KAK}}{r}, \quad \text{PKY}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_k \leadsto n &= 0, 1, 2, \dots \leadsto k = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ -Y_k &\leadsto n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \leadsto k = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ \left[\frac{n}{k+r} \right]_{\substack{+a \\ -r}} &\leadsto n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \leadsto k = 0, 1, 2, \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_0 &= r^0 \cdot 1 \\ a_1 &= -r(0) + f_1 f \\ a_2 &= \left[\frac{r}{1+r} \right] + a_1 \underbrace{= 1+a}_{1-r=1} \\ a_3 &= r^2 \cdot 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_f = -r(1) = r, r$$

$$paw = \left[\frac{a}{1+r} \right] + a = 1 + \frac{a}{1+r} = (-r)$$

$$a_4 = r^r z f$$

$$a_v = -r(r) \cdot f_z.$$

$$a_9 = r^9 = 1$$

$$S_1 = 1 + r + 1 + a + r + r + 1 + a + r + 0 + r + a \div A = r_w + r_a = 19$$

$$r_a = -4 \Rightarrow \underline{a = -r}$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_{17} = (-1) + (-1) + (0) + (0) + \dots + (0) = -2$$

Ex: $\langle a_n = an^2 + bn + c \rangle$

$$a_0 = a(\omega)^r + ab + c = 1f \rightsquigarrow (r\omega a + ab + c = 1f) - \{ -r\omega a - ab - c = -1f$$

$$av = a(v)^r + vb + c = (v, r) \Rightarrow f^r a + vb + c = (v, r) \quad \dots, r$$

$$r \cdot a + r \cdot b = r \cdot r \Rightarrow r \cdot a + b = 14$$

$$C \rightarrow \frac{r_0(-1)^r}{-a} + \frac{a(r)}{r-a} + c = 1 \Rightarrow c = -1 \Rightarrow a_n = -1, r_n r + b - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \div r & \rightarrow 11a + b = 114 \\ & \star -r, f + b = 114 \rightarrow b = f \end{aligned}$$

$$a_1 = -0.1r + 0.1 = 1/10, \quad a_{10} = \frac{-0.1r}{-0.1r(10)^9 + 1(10)^9} + \frac{0.1}{1(10)^9} - 1 = 1/10$$

$$\frac{Q_{10}}{Q_1} = \frac{1}{r_A} = 0$$

$$q_f: a + r d \rightsquigarrow a' + d' \stackrel{*}{=} -\lambda d'$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (\alpha + rd = -\lambda d') \\ \alpha + vd = -rd' \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} &-\alpha - rd = \lambda d' \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda d = \alpha d'} \\ &*d = \frac{\alpha}{\lambda} d' \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = a + vd \rightsquigarrow a' + 4d' = -v'd'$$

$$a' + qd'z_0 \rightsquigarrow^* a' = -qd'$$

$$a_{10} \rightarrow \frac{a' + i d'}{d} = \frac{\omega d'}{\frac{\omega}{2} d'} = \frac{\omega}{\frac{\omega}{2}} = 2$$

$$4a_r^r = aar + raa$$

$$4a_r^r - raa + aar \rightsquigarrow r ar \frac{r(a+d)-a}{a+d} = \frac{aard}{a(a+d)a}$$

$$\frac{a_1}{d} = \frac{a_1+rd}{d} \begin{cases} \textcircled{1} \frac{-rd+rd}{d} \cdot \frac{d}{d} \cdot \frac{1}{1} r ar (a_1+rd) = aa_1(a_1+rd) \rightsquigarrow r ar = aa_1 \rightsquigarrow a_1 = \frac{r}{a} d \\ \textcircled{2} \frac{\frac{r}{a}d+rd}{d} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{a}d}{d} \cdot \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r}{a} \cdot \frac{1}{a} \end{cases} \begin{matrix} \rightsquigarrow a_1 = \frac{r}{a} d \\ r(a_1+d) = aa_1 \rightsquigarrow rd = ra_1 \textcircled{3} \\ a_1+rd = 0 \rightsquigarrow a_1 = -rd \textcircled{4} \end{matrix}$$

$$ar = a+d \quad ar = a_1+rd$$

$$a_n = c, b, a \rightsquigarrow a = c+rd, b = c+d$$

$$b_n = \frac{c}{r}, \frac{a}{r} \cdot b \rightsquigarrow \frac{a}{r} = \frac{c}{r}(q), b = \frac{c}{r}(q^r)$$

$$b \rightsquigarrow c+d = \frac{c}{r} q^r \rightsquigarrow d = \frac{c}{r} q^r - c \rightsquigarrow c(\frac{q^r}{r} - 1)$$

$$a \rightsquigarrow c+rd = \frac{c}{r} q \rightsquigarrow rd = \frac{c}{r} q - c \rightsquigarrow c(\frac{q}{r} - 1)$$

$$\frac{rd}{d} = \frac{c(\frac{q}{r}-1)}{c(\frac{q^r}{r}-1)} \cdot \frac{(\frac{q}{r}-1)}{(\frac{q}{r}+1)(\frac{q}{r}-1)} \rightsquigarrow r = \frac{1}{\frac{q}{r}+1} \rightsquigarrow q+r=1 \rightsquigarrow q=-1$$

$$rq = -r$$

$$c, b, a \rightsquigarrow b = cq, a = cq^r$$

$$c, ra, rb \rightsquigarrow ra = c+d, rb = c+rd$$

$$rb \rightsquigarrow rcq = c+rd \rightsquigarrow rcq - c = rd \rightsquigarrow c(rq-1) = rd$$

$$ra \rightsquigarrow rcq^r = c+d \rightsquigarrow rcq^r - c = d \rightsquigarrow c(rq^r-1) = d$$

$$\frac{rd}{d} = \frac{c(rq-1)}{c(rq^r-1)} \Rightarrow r = \frac{rq-1}{r(q^r-1)}$$

$$(q-1)(q+1) = 0 \rightsquigarrow \begin{cases} q = 1, \text{b\u00f6\u00dfe} \\ q = -1 \end{cases} \quad \frac{aq}{a_1} = \frac{a_1 q^r}{a_1 q^r} \cdot q^r = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^r = \frac{1}{r^r}$$

$$c(q^r - r) = rq - 1 \rightsquigarrow cq^r - rq - 1 = 0 \rightsquigarrow q^r - rq - r = 0 \rightsquigarrow q = -1$$

$$\frac{a_1}{(ar)^r} + \frac{a_r}{a^r} = r \rightsquigarrow \frac{a_1 q^{dr}}{a_1 q^{dr}} + \frac{a_r q}{a^r} = r \rightsquigarrow \frac{q^r}{a_1} + \frac{q}{a_1} = r \rightsquigarrow \frac{q^r}{a_1} + 1 \frac{q}{a_1} - r = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{q}{a_1} + 1\right)\left(\frac{q}{a_1} - 1\right) = 0$$

$$\frac{a_1}{a_r} = \frac{a_r}{a_1 q} = \frac{a}{q} \rightsquigarrow \frac{a}{q} = 1 / \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\star \frac{q}{a_1} = \frac{-r}{1}$$

$$a_r^r = a_r \rightsquigarrow a_r^r = arq \rightsquigarrow q = ar$$

$$a_0 = rv$$

$$\frac{a_0}{a_r} = \frac{a_1 q^r}{a_1 q^r} \cdot q^r = \frac{rv}{a_r^r} \rightsquigarrow q^r = rv \rightsquigarrow q = r$$

$$a_0 = a_1 q^r \rightsquigarrow a_1 = \frac{a_0}{q^r} = \frac{rv}{r^r} = \frac{rv}{1^r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$