

اولین عدد دستی هم $8^2 + 1 = 64 + 1 = 65 \rightarrow$
 آخرین عدد دستی هم $9^2 = 81$

رابطه حسابی: $\frac{65 + 81}{2} = 73$

$\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, 6, \dots, 12\}, \{13, 14, 15, \dots, 39\}, \{40, 41, 42, \dots, 110\}, \{121, 122, \dots, 393\}$

حسابی: $\frac{121 + 393}{2} = 73$

$a_0 + a_1 + \dots + a_9 = 19$	$a_0 = 2^0 = 1$	$a_1 (k=0) = 4$	$a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + \dots + a_9 \rightarrow$ عدد
$h = 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 \rightarrow 2k$	$a_2 = 2^1 = 2$	$a_2 (k=1) = 2$	$10a + 1 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 11 + 10a = 11 - 20 = -2$
$h = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 \rightarrow 2k+1$	$a_4 = 2^2 = 4$	$a_4 (k=2) = 0$	
$h = 2, 5, 8, 11, \dots, 2k+2$	$a_6 = 2^3 = 8$	$a_6 = 1 + a$ $a_8 = 1 + a$ $a_{10} = 2 + a$	

$a_0 + a_1 + \dots + a_9 = 20 + 3a = 19 \rightarrow a = -1$

$a_n = An^2 + Bn + C, a_5 = 14, a_7 = 17/2$

$A = \frac{-a_5}{V_0} = \frac{-14}{V_0} = -\frac{1}{5}$

$a_n = -\frac{1}{5}n^2 + 4n - 1$

$h = 5 \rightarrow A(25) + 5B + C = 14 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{5} \times 25 + 5B + C = 14 \rightarrow -5 + 5B + C = 14 \rightarrow 5B + C = 19$

$h = 7 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{5} \times 49 + 7B + C = 17/2 \rightarrow -9.8 + 7B + C = 8.5 \rightarrow 7B + C = 18.3$

$(5B + C) - (7B + C) = 19 - 18.3 \rightarrow -2B = 0.7 \rightarrow B = -0.35, C = 19.7$

$\frac{a_{15}}{a_1} = \frac{-\frac{1}{5} \times 225 + 9 - 1}{-\frac{1}{5} \times 1 + 4 - 1} = \frac{14}{2/5} = 35$

رابطه حسابی: $a_2 = a_1 + 3d, a_4 = L_2 \rightarrow a_1 + 3d = L_1 + k$

رابطه حسابی: $a_7 = a_1 + 6d, a_9 = L_2 \rightarrow a_1 + 6d = L_1 + 4k$

$L_2 = L_1 + k$

$L_7 = L_1 + 4k$

$L_{10} = L_1 + 9k$

$L_{15} = L_1 + 14k \Rightarrow -9k + 14k = 5k$

$\frac{L_{15}}{d} = \frac{5k}{\frac{5}{4}k} = 4$

$$q_a = a_r \times a_1 + r a_r \times a_1 \rightarrow q(a+d) = a(1+(a+rd) + r(a+d)) \rightarrow q(a+d) = a(1a + 1rd)$$

$$\rightarrow q\left(\frac{a}{d} + 1\right) = \frac{a}{d}(1a + 1rd) \xrightarrow{\frac{a}{d} = s} q(s+1) = s(1s + 1r) \rightarrow qs + q = 1s^2 + 1rs \rightarrow 1s^2 + rs - q = 0$$

$$s = \frac{-V \pm \sqrt{V^2 - 4 \times 1 \times (-q)}}{1 \times 4} = \frac{-V \pm \sqrt{V^2 + 4q}}{4}$$

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$$\frac{a_r}{d} = \frac{a+rd}{d} = \frac{a}{d} + r \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{-V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4q}}{4} + r \\ \frac{-V - \sqrt{V^2 + 4q}}{4} + r \end{array} \right\} \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{V^2 + 4q}}{4} = \frac{a_r}{d}$$

$$A = a-d, B = a, C = a+d \rightarrow \text{ذباله حسابی}$$

$$\frac{a-d}{r} = \frac{a}{r} \times \frac{ra}{a-d} \rightarrow r(a-d)^2 = ra(a+d) \rightarrow a^2 - 2ad + d^2 = a^2 + ad \rightarrow d^2 - 3ad = 0$$

$$\leftarrow d(d-3a) = 0 \rightarrow d = 3a$$

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$$r = \frac{ra}{a-d} = \frac{ra}{a-3a} = \frac{ra}{-2a} = -1 \quad \boxed{2r = -2}$$

$$ra = \frac{rb+c}{r} \times r, ra = rb+c$$

$$\rightarrow ra = rar + ar^2 \div a, r = rr + r^2 \rightarrow r + rr - r^2 = 0 \rightarrow (r+1)(r-1) \rightarrow r \neq 1 \rightarrow \boxed{r = -1}$$

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$$\frac{a_q}{a_r} = \frac{ar^1}{ar^0} = r^3 \rightarrow (-1)^3 = -1$$

$$\frac{a_q}{a_r} + \frac{a_r}{a^r} = 2 \rightarrow \frac{ar^0}{ar^1 r^r} + \frac{ar}{a^r} = 2 \rightarrow \frac{r^1}{a^r} + \frac{r}{a} = 2 \xrightarrow{x = \frac{r}{a}} x^2 + x - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (x+2)(x-1) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{a}{r} = \frac{1}{x} \mid \frac{1}{x} = 1, \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x=1 \\ x=-2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{a^r}{a_r} = \frac{a^r}{ar} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow \frac{a}{r} = \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \boxed{\frac{1}{r} = 1}$$

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$$a_r = \sqrt{a_r} \rightarrow ar^r = \sqrt{ar^r} \xrightarrow{\text{تربیع}} ar^{2r} = ar^r \rightarrow ar = 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$ar^r = 2V \xrightarrow{a = \frac{1}{r}} \frac{1}{r} \times r^r = 2V \rightarrow r^r = 2V \rightarrow \boxed{r=3}, a = \frac{1}{3}$$

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$$\frac{1}{r} = a_1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{9}$$