

۱۸, ۲۵

$$\frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{\mu_0 \alpha d}{x}$$

$$\text{Rad} = D = \frac{x}{\mu_0} \rightarrow \frac{\mu}{\mu_0} \frac{x}{\mu_0} = \frac{\mu x}{\mu_0}$$

۱۶  
۵ (cell)

$$\text{b) Rad} = \mu_0 \alpha \frac{x}{\mu_0} = \frac{\mu_0 \alpha x}{\mu_0}$$

$$\text{c) } \frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{\alpha x}{\mu} = \mu_0 \alpha$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{\epsilon x}{\mu} = \mu_0 \alpha$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 \alpha d}{\mu} \rightarrow \frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{\epsilon}{\mu_0} \rightarrow \frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{\mu_0 \alpha d}{\mu} \rightarrow \frac{\mu_0 \alpha d}{\mu_0}$$

$$\frac{D}{\mu_0} = \frac{x}{\mu} \times \mu_0 \alpha = \frac{\epsilon \alpha d}{\mu}$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 \alpha d}{\mu_0} + \frac{\epsilon \alpha d}{\mu} + \mu_0 \alpha = \mu_0 \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \epsilon$$

$$\text{cell) } \left( \frac{1}{\mu} \times \frac{1}{\mu} \right) + \left( \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \times \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \right) = \sin^2 \theta \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\epsilon} + \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu}} \times \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{1}{\mu} = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\tan = 1$$

$$\sin = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cos = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{الف) } \left( \frac{1}{\mu} \times \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \right) - \left( \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \times \frac{1}{\mu} \right) = 1 + \mu = 1$$

۱۷  
۵

$$b) \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}\right)^{\mu} + 1 + (\sqrt{\mu})^{\mu}}{\sqrt{\mu} - \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{\mu}{\mu} + \epsilon}{\frac{\mu\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} - \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}} = \frac{1\mu\sqrt{\mu}}{4} \quad 5$$

$$الف) \frac{\frac{\mu\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{\mu}\right)}{\left(1 - \frac{\mu}{\mu}\right)^{\mu}} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{\mu\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \times \frac{\mu}{\mu}}{\frac{\mu\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}} = \left(\frac{\epsilon\sqrt{\mu}}{9}\right) = \frac{\epsilon\sqrt{\mu} \times \mu}{9 \times \mu} = \frac{\epsilon\sqrt{\mu}}{9} \quad \downarrow \text{tand}$$

$$\text{tand} = \sqrt{\mu} \rightarrow \text{tand} 40^{\circ} \rightarrow \frac{D}{l\lambda_0} = \frac{R\alpha d}{\pi} \quad 5$$

$$\frac{4_0}{l\lambda_0} = \frac{R\alpha d}{\pi} \rightarrow \frac{4_0}{l\lambda_0} \times \pi \rightarrow R\alpha d = \frac{\pi}{\mu} \quad 5$$

$$\frac{\mu(a) - 1}{a - f(1)} = \frac{1f}{1} = 1\epsilon \quad \text{tand} \theta = a \rightarrow \text{sin} \theta = a \quad 6$$

$$\text{cot} \theta = \frac{1}{\text{tan} \theta} = \frac{1}{a}$$

$$\text{sin} \alpha = \frac{4}{10} \rightarrow \frac{\text{sin} 37^{\circ}}{10/10} \quad 4 = \frac{10 \times 4}{10} \quad 7$$

$$B^{\mu} + C^{\mu} = AB^{\mu} \rightarrow \mu 4 + C^{\mu} = 100 \quad C = 1 \quad 5$$

$$100 = V + 4 + V + 1 + 10 = 121$$

$$\text{cos} A = \text{cos} 40^{\circ} = \frac{AB}{10} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{AB}{10} \rightarrow BC = a \quad 8$$

$$\text{cos} 80^{\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} = \frac{a}{AC} \rightarrow \frac{a\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \quad a^{\mu} + B D^{\mu} = 10^{\mu}$$

$$CP = a\sqrt{\mu} - a$$

$$a\sqrt{\mu} - a$$

Oblique Triangles

$\sin(\theta) = \frac{p}{r}$  /  $\cos(\theta) = \frac{a}{r}$

Scalene

(0,  $\pi$ )

( $\pi$ ,  $2\pi$ )

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{p}{r}$$

$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{p}{a}$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$r = \sqrt{a^2 + p^2} = r$$

$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{p}{a}$$

$$r = \sqrt{10} \rightarrow \sin(\theta) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{10}} \text{ in } \text{quadrant II}$$