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$$r = q^k$$

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$$\alpha + \alpha r + \alpha r^2 = q^k$$

$$\alpha \times \frac{\alpha r \times \alpha r^2}{r} = q^k \Rightarrow (\alpha r)^3 = q^k \Rightarrow \alpha r = q \quad r \times \frac{1}{q} = q$$

$$\frac{\alpha \times \alpha r^2}{r} = q^2 = 16 = \alpha^2 r^2$$

$$\alpha = 4$$

$$r = \frac{1}{4}$$

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$$x^k + r, rx, x^k - r \rightarrow rx^k = (x^k + r)(x^k - r) \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow rx^k = x^k - rx^k + rx^k - 1 \Rightarrow x^k + rx^k - 1 = rx^k \Rightarrow$$

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$$\frac{1}{q^k}$$

$$\alpha = q^k$$

$$\alpha + \alpha q + \alpha q^2 + \alpha q^3 + \alpha q^4 = \alpha (1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{q^4} \times \frac{1}{1+q+q^2+q^3+q^4} = \frac{1}{1+q+q^2+q^3+q^4}$$

$$d = \frac{q^4}{1+q+q^2+q^3+q^4} = \frac{1}{1+q+q^2+q^3+q^4}$$

$$1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100$$

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$$q^{k+1} = \frac{b}{\alpha} = \frac{q^k}{1} = q^{k+1} \Rightarrow q = 1 \quad 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100$$

$$q = -r \quad B = -A \quad A + B = 0$$

$$A + B = 10/0$$

$$- \frac{q^k}{r}, - \frac{q^k}{r}, \dots, + \frac{1}{r}$$

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$$a_{100} = -r + \frac{q^9}{r} = -r + \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{9}{r} + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{-8}{r} = \frac{-8}{\alpha_{100}}$$

$$\alpha_{100} = \alpha \cdot q^9 = 1/1 \cdot 9^9 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$0/0$$

$$q = 0/1$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \textcircled{1} \quad a_p = a + d & b^r = ac \\
 \textcircled{2} \quad a_v = a + rd & (a + rd)^r = (a + d)(a + 1d) \\
 \textcircled{3} \quad a_q = a + 1d & a^r + \cancel{rd}^r + \cancel{ad}^r = a^r + \cancel{ad} + \cancel{ad} + \cancel{rd}^r \\
 & \text{is not a geometric sequence} \quad d = \frac{-r^2 a}{r-1} \\
 & \text{d=0}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \textcircled{1} \quad a_p = a + d & b^r = ac \\
 \textcircled{2} \quad a_p = a + rd & (a + rd)^r = (a + d)(a + vd) \\
 \textcircled{3} \quad a_v = a + vd & a^r + \cancel{rd}^r + \cancel{ad}^r = a^r + \cancel{vd} + \cancel{ad} + \cancel{vd}^r \\
 & \cancel{rd}^r = \cancel{vd} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{v} \Rightarrow d = \frac{1}{r} \\
 & \cancel{ad}^r = \cancel{ad} \Rightarrow d = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 r^2 aq, r^2 aq^r, aq^r \quad r \neq 1 \\
 -r^2 aq^r + aq^r = r^2 aq - r^2 aq \\
 \boxed{q = r}
 \end{array}$$

غير قابل صياغة حوزن ذات سلس

1, 1, 1, 1, 1

0, 1, 0, 1, 0

1, 1

1, 0, 1

1, 0, 1