

5.4.13

$$a_1 \times a_r \times a_c = 42 \Rightarrow \frac{a_r}{q} \times a_r \times a_r q = 42 \Rightarrow a_r^3 = 42 \Rightarrow a_r = \sqrt[3]{42} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma}{q} + \Sigma + \Sigma q = 11 \Rightarrow \Sigma + \Sigma q^r = 11q \Rightarrow \Sigma q^r - 11q + \Sigma = 0$$

$$\Delta = (-11)^2 - 4(\Sigma)(\Sigma) = 121 - 16 \Rightarrow q = \frac{+11 \pm 10}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \nearrow \Sigma \\ \searrow \frac{1}{\Sigma} \end{matrix}$$

$$q_1 = a_r + \Sigma \quad a_r = 11 \quad a_c = n^r - r \quad (2)$$

$$(11)^r = (n^r + \Sigma)(n^r - r) \Rightarrow \Sigma n^r = n^{2r} + 11n^r - 11$$

$$\Rightarrow n^{2r} - 11n^r - 11 = 0 \quad \text{--- ~~cancel~~ ---} \quad n^r = y$$

$$y^2 - 11y - 11 = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{+11 \pm \sqrt{121 + 44}}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} \nearrow \Sigma \\ \searrow -r \end{matrix}$$

$$q > 0 \Rightarrow \Sigma \Rightarrow a_r = \Sigma \Rightarrow n = \pm r$$

$$\rightarrow n = r = 2 \quad \begin{matrix} \nearrow \Sigma \\ \searrow \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \quad \checkmark \text{ for } q > 0$$

$$S_r = a_1 \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{r})^r}{1 - (\frac{1}{r})} = 11 \times \frac{\frac{121}{r} - \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{121 - 1}{1} = 120$$

$$S_d = \frac{1(1 - q^0)}{1 - q} = 1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4 = \frac{121}{11} = 11 \quad (3)$$

$$1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4 = 11 \Rightarrow 11 + 11q + 11q^2 + 11q^3 + 11q^4 = 121$$

$$\Rightarrow 11q^2 + 11q^3 + 11q^4 = 110$$

$$\frac{1 - q^5}{1 - q} = \frac{121}{11} \Rightarrow 1 - q^5 = \frac{121}{11} (1 - q) \Rightarrow 1 - q^5 = \frac{121}{11} - \frac{121}{11} q$$

$$\Rightarrow q^5 - \frac{121}{11} q + \frac{121}{11} - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow q^5 - \frac{121}{11} q + \frac{110}{11} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{p}$$

$$\Rightarrow 11(\frac{1}{c})^5 - 121(\frac{1}{c}) + 110 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 11(\frac{1}{11c}) - \frac{121}{c} + 110 = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1 - 121}{c} + 110 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-120}{c} + 110 = 0 \Rightarrow -120 + 110c = 0 \Rightarrow 110c = 120 \Rightarrow c = \frac{12}{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{c} = \frac{11}{12}$$

OK

$$n = \sigma, q = \frac{1}{\sigma}, a = r \Sigma \sigma$$

$$=, S_{\sigma} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma (1 - \frac{1}{r \Sigma \sigma})}{\cancel{r \Sigma \sigma} - 1} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma (\frac{r \Sigma \sigma - 1}{r \Sigma \sigma})}{\frac{\sigma - 1}{\sigma}} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma (\frac{r \Sigma \sigma - 1}{r \Sigma \sigma})}{\frac{\sigma - 1}{\sigma}}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{\sigma} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\frac{\sigma - 1}{\sigma}} \Rightarrow r \Sigma \sigma \times \frac{\sigma}{\sigma - 1} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma \times \sigma}{\sigma - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1}$$

$$S_{\sigma} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1}$$

$a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6, a_7$ (A) (2)

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d, q = 1, a_1 = 4 \Sigma, n = \sigma$$

$$a \Rightarrow 4 \Sigma = 1 + 4d \Rightarrow d = 1.8$$

$$\Rightarrow a_{\Sigma} = a_1 + (n-1)d \Rightarrow a_{\Sigma} = 1 + \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1} = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1}$$

$a_n = a_1 \cdot r^{n-1}$ $a_1 = 1, a_{\sigma} = 4 \Sigma$

$$\hookrightarrow 4 \Sigma = 1 \times r^{\sigma-1} \Rightarrow r = \frac{4 \Sigma + 1}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$r = \frac{4 \Sigma + 1}{4 \Sigma} \Rightarrow r = \frac{4 \Sigma + 1}{4 \Sigma} \Rightarrow B = a_{\Sigma} = r^{\Sigma} = \frac{(4 \Sigma + 1)^{\Sigma}}{(4 \Sigma)^{\Sigma}}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1}, B = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$\frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1} + 1 = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$\frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1} - 1 = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

99

$$a_1 = \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1}, a_{\sigma} = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$d = a_{\sigma} - a_1 \Rightarrow \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma} - \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1} = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$d = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma} - \frac{r \Sigma \sigma}{\sigma - 1} = \frac{4 \Sigma}{4 \Sigma}$$

$$a_{1.1} = -r \Sigma + r \Sigma = 1 \Rightarrow r \Sigma = \frac{1}{\sigma - 1}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{\sigma - 1}, a_{\sigma} = 1$$

$$a_1 = a_1 \times r^{\sigma-1} \Rightarrow r^{\sigma-1} = \frac{1}{\sigma - 1} = \frac{1}{\sigma}$$

$$a_2 = a_1 + r d = a_1 + r d$$

$$a_3 = a_1 + 2r d = a_1 + 2r d$$

$$a_4 = a_1 + 3r d = a_1 + 3r d$$

$$(ar)^r = (a_2)(a_4)^r \Rightarrow (a_1 + r d)^r = (a_1 + 2r d)(a_1 + 3r d)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1^r + r a_1 d + r^2 d^2 = a_1^r + 10 a_1 d + 6 r d^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1^r + r a_1 d + r^2 d^2 = a_1^r + 10 a_1 d + 6 r d^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r a_1 d + r^2 d^2 = 10 a_1 d + 6 r d^2$$

$$\Rightarrow r a_1 d - 10 a_1 d + r^2 d^2 - 6 r d^2 = 0 \Rightarrow r a_1 d + r^2 d^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r d (a_1 + r d) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r d = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0$$

$$a_2 = a_3 = a_4 = a_1 \Rightarrow r = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0$$

$$d = -\frac{a_1}{10} \Rightarrow d = -\frac{a_1}{10}, s = a_1 + 10d = 0$$

$$r = \frac{a_2}{a_1} \Rightarrow d = -\frac{a_1}{10} \Rightarrow r = \frac{a_1 + r(-\frac{a_1}{10})}{-\frac{a_1}{10}} = \frac{\frac{11}{10}a_1}{-\frac{a_1}{10}} = -11$$

$$a_1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow r = \frac{s}{a_1} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow r = 1 \Rightarrow d = 0, a_1 \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow a_1 \neq 0, d = -\frac{a_1}{10} \Rightarrow r = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = 0$$

$$a_r = a_1 + d \rightarrow a_s = a_1 + rd, a_n = a_1 + vd$$

$$(a_s)^r = (a_r)(a_n) \cdot d \neq 0$$

$$(a_1 + rd)^r = (a_1 + d)(a_1 + vd)$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1^r + r(a_1)(rd) + rd^r = a_1^r + (a_1)(vd) + (d)(a_1) + (d)(vd)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{a_1^r} + \cancel{r(a_1)(rd)} + rd^r = \cancel{a_1^r} + \cancel{(a_1)(vd)} + \cancel{(d)(a_1)} + (d)(vd)$$

$$\Rightarrow rd^r - r a_1 d = 0 \Rightarrow rd(d - a_1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow rd = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 0 \Rightarrow a_r = a_s = a_n = a_1 \times \text{divers}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{d = a_1}$$

$$q = \frac{a_s}{a_r} = q = \frac{a_n}{a_s}$$

$$a_r = a_1 + d = a_1 + a_1 = 2a_1$$

$$a_s = a_1 + rd = a_1 + ra_1 = 2a_1$$

$$a_n = a_1 + vd = a_1 + va_1 = 1a_1$$

$$\Rightarrow q = \frac{2a_1}{2a_1} \Rightarrow q = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\begin{matrix} q = 1 \\ d = 0 \end{matrix}}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow q = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow b_n = b_1 \cdot q^{n-1}$$

$$n = 10(b_{10}) \rightarrow b_{10} = \frac{1}{2} \times 1^9 \Rightarrow \boxed{b_{10} = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{① } t_1 = a, t_2 = ar, t_3 = ar^2, t_4 = ar^3 \quad \text{①}$$

$$u_{t_1} = ar, u_{t_2} = ar^2, u_{t_3} = ar^3$$

$$u_{t_1}, u_{t_2}, u_{t_3} = (ar, ar^2, ar^3)$$

$$r(ar^2) = ar + ar^3 \Rightarrow \Sigma r = a + r^3$$

$$\Rightarrow r^3 - \Sigma r + a = 0 \quad (r-1)(r-1) = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \nearrow r=1 \\ \searrow r=a \end{matrix}$$

$$r=1 \rightarrow \text{no}$$

$$r=a \quad \checkmark$$

$$d = \frac{\frac{r}{\Sigma} - r}{r-1} = \frac{-1}{\Sigma} \quad a, \geq r \quad \text{②}$$

$$a_{\Sigma} = a_1 + d = r + \frac{-a}{\Sigma} = \frac{\delta}{\Sigma}$$

$$a_1 = a + rd = r + \frac{-a}{\Sigma} = \frac{1}{\Sigma}$$

$$a_{1c} = a + 12d = r + (-a) = -1$$

$$b_1 = \frac{\delta}{\Sigma} + k, b_r = \frac{1}{\Sigma} + k, b_{1c} = -1 + k$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\Sigma} + k\right)^r = \left(\frac{1}{\Sigma}\right)^r + r\left(\frac{1}{\Sigma}\right)k + k^r \Rightarrow \delta$$

$$\frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{r}k + k^r = -\frac{\delta}{\Sigma} + \frac{1}{\Sigma}k + k^r$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{r}k - \frac{1}{\Sigma}k = \frac{-r\delta}{14} - \frac{1}{14} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\Sigma}k = -\frac{r\delta}{14}$$

$$b_1 = -\Sigma, b_r = -a, b_{1c} = -\frac{r\delta}{\Sigma}$$

$$\Rightarrow k = -\frac{r\delta}{\Sigma}$$

$$q' = \frac{-\delta}{-\Sigma} = \frac{\delta}{\Sigma} \Rightarrow \frac{-r\delta}{-\Sigma} = \frac{\delta}{\Sigma}$$

a_1, a_Σ, a_v
 a, aq^μ, aq^v
 $d = q^\mu$
 $a(1+q^\mu+q^v) = v^\mu$
 $1+q^v$
 μ
 $aq^\mu(1-q^\mu)$
 $= q^\mu$
 $aq^\mu(1-q^\mu) = \lambda q^\mu$
 λ
 $aq^\mu = a(1+q^v)$
 $q^\mu = \frac{1+q^v}{\mu}$

$a_1, a_\Sigma, a_v \rightarrow a, aq^\mu, aq^v$
 $A \rightarrow A+d \rightarrow A+qd$
 Solve (10)

$A = a$
 $a + aq^\mu + aq^v = v^\mu$

Solve

$aq^\mu = a + d$
 $d = aq^\mu - a$

$aq^v = a + qd$
 $qd = aq^v - a$
 $\Rightarrow d = \frac{aq^v - a}{q}$

$aq^\mu - a = \frac{aq^v - a}{q} \Rightarrow qaq^\mu - qa = aq^v - a$

$\Rightarrow a(q^\mu - qq^\mu + 1) = 0$

$q = n$
 $n^\mu - qn + 1 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (n-1)(n-1) = 0 \Rightarrow n = 1$
 $\hookrightarrow n = 1$

$q = 1 \Rightarrow q = 1, q = 1 \Rightarrow q = 1$

$A + A + A = v^\mu \Rightarrow A = \frac{v^\mu}{3} \Rightarrow d = 0$
 $\rightarrow qd = aq^v = a \rightarrow q = 1$

$q = 1 \Rightarrow a + a + a = v^\mu \Rightarrow a = \frac{v^\mu}{3}$

$\Rightarrow a = A + qd = A + da = A \Rightarrow qd = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0$

PAPCO

$\Rightarrow v^\mu = v^\mu + d + v^\mu + qd = v^\mu$

