

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 21 \rightarrow \frac{a}{q} + a + aq = 21$$

$$a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 = 42 \rightarrow \frac{a}{q} \times a \times aq = 42 \rightarrow a^3 = 42 \rightarrow a = \sqrt[3]{42}$$

$$\frac{a}{q} + a + aq = 21 \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{42}}{q} + \sqrt[3]{42} + \sqrt[3]{42}q = 21$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 14^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 42 = 196 - 168 = 28$$

$$n = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{-14 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2} = \frac{-14 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{2} = -7 \pm \sqrt{7}$$

$$x^2 + 2, 2n, n^2 - 2 \rightarrow \text{نسبت متوالی} \rightarrow \frac{2n}{x^2 + 2} = \frac{n^2 - 2}{2n} \rightarrow (x^2 + 2)(n^2 - 2) = 2n^2$$

$$x^2 n^2 - 2x^2 + 2n^2 - 4 = 2n^2 \rightarrow x^2 n^2 - 2x^2 = 0 \rightarrow x^2(n^2 - 2) = 0$$

$$x^2 = 2 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$n^2 = 2 \rightarrow n = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4 = \frac{121}{11} \quad / \quad a_1 = 423 \quad / \quad S_n = ?$$

$$a(1 + q + q^2 + q^3 + q^4) = ? \rightarrow 423 \times \frac{121}{11} = 4743$$

$$d = \frac{b-a}{n+1} \rightarrow \frac{42-1}{5} = \frac{41}{5} = 8.2 \rightarrow A = 1 + (41/5) = 8.2$$

$$q^{n+1} = \frac{b}{a} \rightarrow \frac{42}{1} = q^5 \rightarrow q = \sqrt[5]{42} \rightarrow q = \pm \sqrt[5]{42}$$

$$b^2 = a \times c \rightarrow 42^2 = 1 \times 42 \rightarrow b = \pm \sqrt{42}$$

$$d \rightarrow \frac{-90}{5} - (\frac{1}{5} - 2) \rightarrow \frac{-90 + 9}{5} \rightarrow \frac{-81}{5}$$

$$a_1 + 1 \dots d \rightarrow -26 + \frac{1}{5} \rightarrow -25.8$$

$$128, a_2, \dots \rightarrow a_1 = 128, a_n = 1 \rightarrow q = \frac{1}{128}$$

