

سوال زیر پر جواب دے کر پتہ لکھنا

① $a_n = \frac{1}{2} > 1, 2, \dots \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2} > 2 = 4 \rightarrow a_n = a_2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2^{n-1}$

ا) $a_n = \frac{1}{2} \times 2^n = 2^1 = \boxed{2}$

ب) $\frac{a_n}{a_1} = \frac{a_n \times 2^n}{a_1 \times 2^1} = 2^n = 2^4 = \boxed{16}$

ج) $a_{10} = a_1 \times 2^{10-1} = 2^9 = \frac{1}{2} \times 2^9 = 2^8 = \boxed{256}$

د) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2^{n-1} = 128 \rightarrow 2^{n-1} = 128 \rightarrow n-1 = 7 \rightarrow n = \boxed{8}$

② $a_\infty = 12, a_1 = 96 \rightarrow \frac{a_n}{a_1} = \frac{a_n \times 2^n}{a_1 \times 2^1} = 2^n = \frac{96}{12} = 8 \rightarrow 2^n = 8 \rightarrow n = 3$
 $\rightarrow a_3 = a_1 \times 2^{3-1} = 96 \times 2^2 = 384$

ا) $a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 \times a_4 = (a_1)^4 = 96^4 = 84736$

ب) $a_1 \times a_2 = a_1 \times a_2 = 96 \times 192 = \boxed{18432}$

③ $a^a, a^b, a^c, a^d, a^e, a^f, a^g, a^h, a^i, a^j, a^k, a^l, a^m, a^n, a^o, a^p, a^q, a^r, a^s, a^t, a^u, a^v, a^w, a^x, a^y, a^z$
 $\rightarrow a^a \times a^b = a^{a+b} \rightarrow a^a \times a^b = a^{a+b} = \boxed{a^{a+b}}$

④ $a_{n+1} = a_n + 1, a_1 = 1 \rightarrow a_n = 1 + (n-1) = n$

$\rightarrow n^5 = (1-n)(1+n) \rightarrow n^5 = 1 - n^2 \rightarrow n^5 + n^2 = 1 \rightarrow n = \boxed{1}$

⑤ $a + ar^n = r \Rightarrow a(1+r^n) = r \Rightarrow a(1+r) = r \Rightarrow a = \frac{r}{1+r}$
 $\rightarrow \frac{a(1+r^n)}{a(1+r)} = \frac{r}{a(1+r)} \Rightarrow \frac{1+r^n}{1+r} = \frac{r}{a(1+r)} \Rightarrow \frac{1+r^n}{1+r} = \frac{r}{a(1+r)} \Rightarrow \frac{1+r^n}{1+r} = \frac{r}{a(1+r)}$

$\rightarrow r = \frac{10 + \sqrt{10}}{10} \Rightarrow 10 + \sqrt{10} = r \Rightarrow \frac{10 + \sqrt{10}}{10} = r \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = \frac{10}{10 + \sqrt{10}}$
 $r = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow \frac{r}{1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r}} = r \Rightarrow a = r \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$
 $r = r \Rightarrow r + a + a = 1 \Rightarrow a = 1 \Rightarrow 1, r, a, r$

⑥ $a_1 + a_2 + a_3 = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{a_1}{r} + a_2 + a_3 = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + r + r = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + 2r = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = 1 - 2r$
 $\rightarrow \frac{1}{r} - 1 = -2r \Rightarrow \frac{1-r}{r} = -2r \Rightarrow 1-r = -2r^2 \Rightarrow 2r^2 - r + 1 = 0$
 $a_1 \times a_2 \times a_3 = r \times r \times r = r^3 \Rightarrow a_1 = r \Rightarrow a_2 = r \Rightarrow a_3 = r$

⑦ $\sum_{k=0}^n r^k = r \left(\frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1} \right) = r \left(\frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1} \right) = r \left(\frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1} \right)$
 $\rightarrow \frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1} = \frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1} = \frac{r^{n+1} - 1}{r - 1}$

⑧ $a, ar, ar^2, ar^3, \dots \Rightarrow ar \cdot a = a^2(r-1)$
 $ar^2 - ar = ar(r-1) \Rightarrow ar^2 - ar = ar(r-1)$
 $ar^2 - ar = ar(r-1) \Rightarrow ar^2 - ar = ar(r-1)$

⑨ $a, ar, ar^2, ar^3, \dots, ar^{n-1} \Rightarrow S_n = a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1}$
 $\rightarrow S_n = (a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1}) + (ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^n) = a + (n-1)a$
 $r S_n = n(r + a(n-1)) \Rightarrow S_n = \frac{n}{r} (r + a(n-1))$

⑩ $S_n = a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1}$
 $r S_n = ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + \dots + ar^n$
 $\rightarrow S_n - r S_n = a - ar^n \Rightarrow S_n(1-r) = a(1-r^n)$

up

$\rightarrow S_n = a \left(\frac{1-r^n}{1-r} \right) = a \left(\frac{1-r^n}{1-r} \right)$