

$t_n = 1, 4, 9, 16, \dots \rightarrow t_n = n^2$ (ان)

$4(1) + 1 = 5$ (جواب)

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$t_n = 4, 10, 16, 22, \dots \rightarrow t_n = n^2 + 3$

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اول $\rightarrow S_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(4 + 22) \rightarrow S_1 = 13$ (ان)

$a_{10} = 4(10) + 3 = 43$

دوم $\rightarrow 2 \times n = 22 \rightarrow a_{11}, a_{12}, a_{13}, \dots, a_{22} \rightarrow 2 \times a_{11} \rightarrow a_{11} = 11$

$a_{11} = 11 \rightarrow 11 + 22d \rightarrow 2 \times 99 \rightarrow 99 - 11 = 88 \rightarrow 88 / 22 = 4$ (جواب)

$1 + \sqrt{2}, 2, 2 - \sqrt{2}, \dots \rightarrow a_{18}, a_{19} = ?$

$2 - \sqrt{2} - 2 = 2 - 1 - \sqrt{2} \rightarrow 1 - \sqrt{2} = d$

$a_{18} \rightarrow a_1 + 17d \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{2} + 17(1 - \sqrt{2}) \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{2} + 17 - 17\sqrt{2} \rightarrow 18 - 16\sqrt{2}$

$a_{19} \rightarrow a_1 + 18d \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{2} + 18(1 - \sqrt{2}) \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{2} + 18 - 18\sqrt{2} \rightarrow 19 - 17\sqrt{2}$

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$a_n = a^n, 2 \times 10^n, 5^y / b_n = n, 2, y \rightarrow y - 2 = 2 - n \rightarrow y = 3 - n$

$\rightarrow 2 \times 10^x = \frac{5^y + a^x}{2} \rightarrow 4 \times 10^x - a^x = 5^y \rightarrow a^x(4 - 1) = 5^y \rightarrow a^x \times 3 = 5^y$

$n \times y \rightarrow 1 \times 3 = 3$ (جواب)

$y = 3 - n \rightarrow \frac{y-1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{3-1}{2} = 1 \rightarrow n = 1$

$y = 3$

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$2n-2, 2n-1, 2n, \dots \rightarrow 2n - 2n + 1 = 2n - 1 - 2n + 2$

$2n = 2 \rightarrow n = 1$

$2(1) - 1 = 1$ (جواب)

$a_n = 2n - 1 \rightarrow d = 2$

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$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_n &= 3, 5, 7, \dots \rightarrow 2n+1 \\ b_n &= 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow 2n \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow \text{تفاوت} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} &3, 11, 17, \dots \\ &\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ &\quad \quad \quad +4 \quad +4 \rightarrow a_{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &2n+1 \rightarrow 2(2) + 1 = 5 \\ &2n-1 \rightarrow 2(2) - 1 = 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = 4n \quad \leftarrow \quad a_{n-1} = 41$$

$$\boxed{n=2}$$

تا آخر وجود دارد. (تا آخر)

$a_1 + ar + ar = r_1$
 $a_1 + ar + ar = 1.2$
 $ar - ar + a_1 \Rightarrow a_1 r_0$
 $a_1 + rd - (a_1 + d) + a_1 \rightarrow a_1 + rd - a_1 - d + a_1 \rightarrow a_1 + d$
 $\frac{v}{a_1 - r_1} \rightarrow \frac{v}{-r_1} = \frac{-1}{r_1} = -\frac{1}{r_1}$

$a_1 + ar + ar = 18 \rightarrow a_1 + a_1 + d + a_1 + rd = 18 \rightarrow a_1 + d = 6$
 $a_1 + a_n = 18$
 $a_1 + rd + a_1 + rd = 18 \rightarrow 2a_1 + 2d = 18 \rightarrow (a_1 + d) + (a_1 + d) = 18 \rightarrow 2d = 18 - 2 \rightarrow d = 7$
 $a_1 + 7 = 6 \rightarrow a_1 = -1$
 $a_n = 7n - 1 \rightarrow 7(1) - 1 \rightarrow 6$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} (2a_1 + (n-1)d) \rightarrow \frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \times n$$

$$\frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \times n = \frac{n}{2} (2a_1 + (n-1)d)$$

$$(a_1 + a_n) \times n = n(2a_1 + (n-1)d)$$

$$a_1 + a_n = 2a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

$$a_{n+1} = a_1 + nd$$

$$d = a_{n+1} - a_n$$

$4d \left(\begin{matrix} a_1 = 11 \\ a_n = 40 \end{matrix} \right) + 12 \rightarrow 12 = 4d \Rightarrow \boxed{d = 3} \rightarrow a_n = 11 + 3n \rightarrow \frac{1(1) + 3}{1} \rightarrow 4$
 (مجموعه ۱، ۴، ۷، ۱۰)
 $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d \rightarrow d = \frac{a_n - a_1}{n-1} \rightarrow d = \frac{40 - 11}{n-1} \rightarrow \left(\frac{-30}{n-1} \right) = d$
 $a_2 \rightarrow a_1 + 1d \rightarrow 11 + 1\left(\frac{-30}{n-1} \right) \rightarrow n-1 = \frac{40}{18} \rightarrow \boxed{n=4} \rightarrow (-2) \rightarrow \left(\begin{matrix} 11 \\ -2 \end{matrix} \right) \rightarrow 9$
 (مجموعه ۱، ۴، ۷، ۱۰)