

Date:

Sub:



$$t_n = n^2 + \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

$$t_n = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

$$t_{10} = 100 + \frac{10 \times 9}{2} = 145$$

زنجیره اول $\rightarrow 0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$t_n = \frac{n(n-1)}{2} = 11 \times 10 = 110$$

$$n = 11$$

زنجیره دوم $\rightarrow 0, 1^2, 2^2, \dots$ $t_{n-1} = 1 \times 11 - 1 = 10$
 (این گروه ها شش تایی بازده)

زنجیره سوم $\rightarrow 0, 1, 4, 9, \dots$ $f_{n+1} =$

$$f_{11+1} = f_{11}$$

(گروه ها شش تایی بازده)

$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$$

$$n=1 \rightarrow -1$$

$$n=2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b = \frac{1}{1} - (-1) = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$b_n = (-1)^n - v_n$$

$$b_k = -v_k - v_1 = -f_1$$

$$-a_k + v_2 = -f_1$$

$$a_k = -a_k + v_2$$

$$-a_k = -v_2$$

$$k = 14$$

$$t_1 = t_2 = 11 \quad 1, a, b = 1a, b, 11$$

9

$$t_{a, 11}$$

$$a = 1$$

$$t_1 = t_2 = 1a + b = a + b = a + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$t_1 = (1a + b = 11) \times 11 = 11 \quad -1a - 1b = -11$$

11

$$t_1 = 1a + b = 1a \quad 1a + b = 11$$

$$-b = 1$$

$$t_1 = 1a - 1 = 1$$

$$b = 1, a = 1$$

$$t_1 = 1a - 1 = 11$$

$$b_n \rightarrow 1, 11, \dots \quad b_n = 1n - a$$

$$t_n = \frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{a}, \dots \quad \text{جواب: } \frac{1}{a}$$

11

$$t_n = \frac{1n - 1}{1n + 1}$$

$$\frac{1n - 1}{1n + 1} < \frac{1}{1}$$

$$1n - 1 < 1n + 1$$

$$1n < 11$$

$$n < \frac{11}{1} \rightarrow n < 11, 1 \Rightarrow 1, 11, 1, 11, 1, 11$$

$$t_n = 1, 1, 1, 1, \dots \quad t_n = 1n + 11$$

9

$$t_1 = 1a + 11 = 11 \quad -1a - 11 = -11$$

$$1a + 11 = 11 \times \left(-\frac{1}{1}\right) + 11 \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) \quad t_1 = 1a + 11 = 11 \quad 1a + 11 = 11$$

$$1a = -11$$

$$-\frac{1}{1} + \frac{11}{1} = \frac{10}{1} = 10$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{1}, 11 = \frac{11}{1}$$

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$$t_n = -q, -r, 0, \dots$$

$\begin{array}{c} +r \quad +r \\ +r \end{array}$

10

$$r_n = r$$

$$a = 1$$

$$t_n = an + b + c = 1 + b + c = -q \Rightarrow b + c = -1$$

$$r + b + c = -r \quad r + b + c = -1$$

$$t_r = ra + b = r + b = -1 \quad -ra - b = -r \quad b = -1$$

$$t_r = ra + b = r + b = -1 \quad ra + b = -r \quad c = -q$$

$$ra = 1$$

$$a = 1, b = -1$$

$$an + r1, n^r - n - q$$

$$n^r - qn - r1 = 0$$

$$\frac{(n-r)(n+r)}{q} = 0$$

$$n \neq -r$$

$$n = q$$

$$a_q = t_q = ra + r1 = qq$$

$$qq = \frac{q^2}{1}$$