

فاطمہ موسوی

$$\frac{1}{\beta} \ln Z = -\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{ij} J_{ij} S_i S_j + \frac{1}{\beta} \sum_i \ln \left(\sum_{S_i} e^{\beta \sum_j J_{ij} S_i} \right)$$

$$0, 1, 5, 9, 10, \quad q_i = \frac{n \times (n-1)}{r}, \quad \text{до } 11, \quad n \times (n-1) = 5, \quad n=11$$

$$E_1 + E_2 = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |\nabla u|^2 dx$$

$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(n+1)!} = e^{-1}$

$$v_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{L} \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1}}$$

اعتراف : ٢/٢

$$b_r(-r)^r - r! r \cdot \partial^r K + r! \rightarrow -V \cdot s \cdot \partial^r K \quad K=15$$

$$a_{10} - a_v = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{d}{dt} \frac{a_{10} - a_v}{r} \right) = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d}{dt} (a_{10} - a_v)$$

$$a_s V a_s \partial \partial V_s \xi$$

$$a_n \parallel a_1 \quad a_n \leq r \quad d = \Lambda \quad b_n \leq r + \Lambda n - \Lambda \rightarrow b_n \leq \Lambda n - \delta$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{n-1}}$$

$\lambda_n - \varepsilon < \lambda_{n+1}$
 $\lambda_n < \lambda_{n+1}$

